LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.

We desire to procure the services of a local agent i every Postoffice District in the State. Will our friends act, or procure the services of some efficient person in our behalf? Believing that the circulation of the Democrat may be materially extended, we make this appeal to our friends in its hehalf.

Our State election is now over Whether it has resulted in a bold stand for the principle of States Rights and State insti-Lutions, or whether the people, intimidated and despairing in the face of the frequent threats, backed by an enormous military, have succumbed and yielded up what principles of liberty remained to them, we cannot now say No canvass was ever undertaken under such extremely disadvantageous circumstances. The only political organization in the State was in the hands of our opponents, so that the people had to act by themselves, without a unity of effort, except what sprung from a upity of purpose, which made them desultory. Again, with the exception of our own paper, the press of the State was in the hands of the Administration, and these were backed up by the Cincinnati papers and the Republican papers in These were circulated wherever they could be made useful to their abominable cause, at the expense of the Administration clique. As if they were not enough, we have heard for weeks the most terrible threats of martial law, and that all Democrats were to be punished for voting according to their opinions; and finally martial law was proc'aimed. Many, very many, sound loyal men were frightened from the polls by this measure. It would be idle to call such a free election. It has been as far from free as possible. Those who voted have done so because they could not be frightened out of the discharge However it has resulted, it is now over, and

we hope the passions avowed by it will subside. If we are successful we have nothing to apprehend in the future. The violated laws will be firmly re-established, and Kentucky will have placed herself by the side of New York in the great struggle for civil liberty and the rights of the Sate. On the other hand, if we are defeated, we apprehend that the terrors which have characterized affairs in Missouri, are about to fall upon Kentucky. All we can do to prevent this is the exercise of the greatest prudence and caution. Let us not give arbitrary power the slightest excuse for wielding its arms against us. Obey every law, and apply the test of the court; where it is possible, to orders that appear unconstitu tional. In counselling this kind of submission, we, by no means, give up the struggle. We never would do this. But we are opposed to all irregular modes of redress.

Let us ho; e, however, that as the indications are, we have elected our glorious old candidate, by whom every citizen will be protected, no matter for whom he voted. We have too much confidence in the determination and wisdom of the people to believe in

Our Government mignt learn a useful Besson concerning the spirit of the American people, from what has happened in East Tennessee and North Carolina. We all have read and sympathized with those people in their sufferings. The iron heel of oppression has In my judgmen', the election of no min, con been mon them the Propost Marshal has s'i utionally chosen to that high office, is suf been upon them, the Provost Marshal has been the judge and executive, yet in defiance of this the people have remained loyal. What does this teach us but that the people of this country, no matter where found, cannot be subjugated by arms alone? There is some thing more than that needed. Arms and oppression have been tried there to the utmost and the people will not submit. It is an axi omatic truth, proved by many elections, that you can convince this people; but when you attempt to force them they are obstinate, rebellious and resentful to the death. They will listen to and appreciate an argument, but they have nothing but a blow to return for a blow, and when crushed they will still be obstinate

The difficulty has been heretofore that, be tween the masses of the Southern people and all argument, powerful armies have interposed. It was necessary to a great extent to remove this barrier and allow reason to act True, much might have been done that has not been done by pursuing a policy altogether d'fferent from that which has been adopted by that conciliation which the Constitutio: demands through showing them that while it is a duty to resist their armies, yet we have no object other than to require their obedience to laws common to the whole Union This, we say, has not been done, and the con-South. A different course would have been the argument of a fact that would have made

its way in spite of all barriers. Bearing in mind this high spirit, exhibited in the cases referred to, we should remember that, unfortunately for us, we shall be compelled to meet the same indomitable spirit opposed to us in some of the Southern States. Arms alone cannot bring then back. Unless we expect to establish such a despotism as has crushed but not conquered East Tennessee, we must exercise a policy different from that which the rebel government adopted there. Unless we pursue a policy different from that our Government is now pursuing, we shall be compelled to hold a territory greater than all Europe, by means repugnant to every principle of civil liberty, at an expense terrifying to

Is it not clear, therefore, that we shall be compelled, for our own safety, as well as through a patriotic love of the Union, to adopt a conciliatory, constitutional policy? It is by arguments-by the exhibition of a kindly but just cause we are to win them back. Must we not show them that our only aim was and Limbo of Vanity. In a speech at Cairo the is to establish the Union as it was and the Constitution as it is? Let us show them that they have been deceived by their leaders. Let ishow them that the fatal emancipation pole try and the Administration (and the Administration) iey was merely temporary; that the sweeping confiscation acts we ackt owledge to be unjust. and repeal them; that all measures which selected women and children, as well as armed men, for punishment, never were intended to be carried out. In short, let us show that as is not entitled even to the merit of originwe are mighty, so are we just and merciful. Let us prove to them by argument the glory XIV. Some persons have had a sort of idea soul filled with the ever-living principles of and the greatness, the justice and protection

of our glorious Union. To adopt a different policy, with the ex amples before us, is the very insanity of fanaticism. Now is the time, before their armies are entirely crushed, to begin this

The crops in Indiana have been se ribusly injured by frost and the drouth. The drouth is "in streaks and spots." Corn on the upland is ruined beyond the hope of resur-

great work, and let us begin it at once.

men in his State.

Viewing the glorious successes of Gen. by the Senate also. Those States are now so well cleared of the rebellion that such a proposition, we believe, would be eminently acceptable to the people. The suggestion, ccming from a slave State that had remained loyal to the Union, and interested in the institution which has been so long made the cause of irritation between the two sections, would be likely to be received with more favor than propositions from any other quarter. Inof blood would have been stopped by the firm acquisition of that vast and valuable territory watered by the Mississippi. Not only would from the duty of holding by force that sec tion of country, but the Union would have been cemented by the consent of the governed-of the people themselves. To effect this object is the work of statesmanship, net arms, and the lower House of the Kentucky Legislature took the right view of it. It is to be sincerely regretted that the policy was not carried out by the Senate. Unfortunately, that same spirit which breathes a war of extermi nation, which now prevails in the so-called Union party of Kentucky, prevailed then, and the measure was lost. It is now too late to correct that error perhaps, but it is not too late to defeat that spirit which stands so dan gerously in the way of a restoration of the

We firmly believe that this war could have been stopped a year ago, and the Union restored as it was, had that been the aim of the authorities at Washington, Here Fernando Wood has avowed publicly that a proposition upon the basis of a restoration of the Union was made, and dared the Administration to deny it. Since then this Administration has thought proper to dismiss officers from the service for voting the Democratic ticket; has arrested and sent into exile private citizens for no crime known in the laws; has written letters to encourage the miserable party machinery of "logal league" societies, who seek to prolong the war, but no member of it has dared to deny this fact-this most important fact to this country since the war begun. Their silence is an admission, and it only depends upon the nature of these propositions whether these men in authority are guilty of the death of every soldier who has lost his life since then or not. As the propositions were upon the basis of a restored Union, we have no doubt that they are guilty, and the crime is murder and treason.

But lately, another opportunity was afford ed for coming to a distinct understanding with the secoded States. Hon, Alex. Stephens asked permission to visit Washington, ostensibly for the purpose of arranging the ex change of prisoners, and depriving the war of its atrocities; in realty, we believe, to see it the Union could not be restored, and upon what terms. Mr. Stephens was one of the last of the leading men in the South to yield to secession pressure. In an address to the Georgia Legislature, just before the State se-

The first quest on that presents i'self is, shall the people of the South secede from the Union in consequence of the election of Mr. Lincoln earnestly that I do not think that they ought the Union. It ought to stand by and aid still in maintaining the Constitution of the cour-try. To make a point of resistance to the Government—to withdraw from it because a man has been constitutionally elected—puts us in the wrong, pledged to maintain the Constitution. f us have sworn to support it. therefore, for the mere election of a man to the Presidency, and that, too, in accordance with the prescribed forms of the Constitution make a point of resistance to the Government without becoming the breakers of that sacred instrument? Withdraw ourselves from it, would we not be in the wrong? Whatever fate is to befall this country, let it never be laid to the charge of the people of the South and especially to the people of Georgia, that we were untrue to our national engagement-Let the fault and the wrong rest upon others If all our hopes are to be blasted—if the repub-lic is to go down—let us be found to the las ent standing on the deck with the Concitution of the United States waving over our

Union. If he had the slightest assurance that notwithstanding this war the South would be secured in all their rights, he would be a pow jadge that the opportunity to coafer with such a man, whose feelings were believed to be with us, who occupied the position of Vice President of the so-called Confederate States, would be hailed with pleasure. That such an opportunity to justify ourselves, to stop the reckless effusion of blood and restore the Union, would be welcomed as no messenger ever was welcomed before. But no; Mr. Lincoln gives the dry answer that he goes not wish to confer with Mr. Stephens, and the war goes plunging on in its same bloody channel, carried on for something more than the restoration of the Union, for some other purpose now perfectly apparent, and its advocates are to be found in Kentucky. It is that party which seeks only for matter to exasperate and keep alive the terrible hostility between the sec tions-that mischief-making party which continually dwells upon causes of irritation, and that foams and raves of revenge and subjugation. Their candidates are in the field Their choice for Governor has been spitting his bile and venom from one end of the State to the other, and bringing out every feeling that would hold no terms of restoration ex-

people. The next news will be that they are in the

other day he said, speaking of our army : They have had their eyes upon these unmit man good to see the summary manner which they will cause these sneaks and peace agi

"The Administration is the country." This ality. "I am the State!" exclaimed Louis that the people are the country. We must get rid of all such ideas as fast as possible, and works of benevolence winning for him the highest esteem among men and Masons

A deteated party usually undertake to splain why. The election yesterday needs behalf, and that it becomes our duty as Ma sons to watch over his orphan children with explain why. The election yesterday needs no explanation. We shall be told that all the loyal men voted, and the rest had no right to less innocence from the cold frowns of an un vote. That will be satisfactory to the faithful, feeling world.

Resolved, That our heartfelt sympathies are but it will not tell well for the loyalty of the people of Kentucky. We shall, no doubt, be relatives in this sad hour of affiction, and the rection by rains.

Gov. Sprague, of Rhode Island, is currently reported to be engaged to Miss Kate Chase, the daughter of the Secretary of the of the Sec days to come who has made the best one.

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY: TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 4, 1863. Grant at Vicksburg and Gen. Banks at Port to apprehend in the future, as caused by our Hudson, one can but entertain a feeling of the rebellion, is suspension of the Monroe docdeepest regret that the resolution adepted by trine. Already serious injury has been done the Lower House of the Kentucky Legisla- in allowing the French government to secure ture, by which a consultation of the States of a foothold in Mexico, which promises to be the Mississippi Valley, looking to an adjust- firm enough to require force on our part to ment of the present difficulties upon the basis drive them out. Even that is bad enough, of a restoration of the Union, was not adopted but there is little or no doubt now that we ought to prepare immediately for an aggressive movement on the part of France, in the propriately upon the desperation of Milton's ecognition of the Southern Confederacy. It would be only wisdom on the part of the French Emperor to do this, and that imnediately. The collision between the United States and France must nec essarily come if the French do not withdraw from Mexico. It has been too long a fixed principle with us, known as the Monroe docdeed, we have little doubt that it trine, to be given up. Even if our peace and would have been accepted, and the effusion safety did not require it, we are pledged to all the republics on this Continent to secure them from foreign aggression; and there can be no doubt that as soon as our armies it have been important in releasing our armies are released from the present field of operations they will be turned upon the French in Mexico. Of this Napoleon is too shrewd a statesman not to be aware, and he will antici pate our movement by engaging us while trammeled with the toils of a desperate domestic war; and we shall be agreeably disappointed if the evil does not come sooner than any one expects.

A case was tried in our city a few days ince, before Judge Ballard, in the Federal Court, that is important in proving one fact for which we have contended, that the civil authorities are amply sufficient to deal with cases of tresson. The case was that of a young man charged with having been in the rebel army and having returned. He was found guilty by a jury and condemned to ten years imprisonment and the confiscation of his slaves.

It has been contended that our State was not sufficiently loyal to trust a jury with the case of a rebel, and military law was defended on that account as necessary to deal with tkem. This defense must hereafter, in this section at least, be abandoned. It shows that the laws of the Federal Government will be respected, and that the interposition of military law is unnecessary and therefore unjust. We hope that all cases hereafter, except in the direct presence of the enemy, in which the crime of treason is to be tried, will be left of coal. to the courts. Of course this excepts prison. ers of war, who are held necessarily by the military, and subject to the agreement made

The State has voted under martial law may be, there is no help for it now. The party elected have professed to have a platform, and we shall see now how they will stand up to it. We have our opinion as to the faith to be put in them, and we don't believe we are mistaken. Men willing to take power under military orders need not be particular about pledges. They are independent of popular opinion. These men have a vast responsibility now, however. The future is uncertain and full of perils. For the sake of the State, we hope no factious opposition will be made. We are promised reforms when the rebellion is put dowr; until that time we must do the best we can for the State. The dissolution of the Union is not to be thought present evils would also be permanent, with little intermission. The extremes of each section would control it, and no written laws or Constitutions would avail.

He who would make use of force to revent freedom of election is a traitor to all the principles of civil liberty. To accomplish a temporary object, he would invoke a power which will destroy not only the liberties of his fellow-citizens, but eventually his own. The horse in the fable, to wreak his vengeance on the stag, permitted the man to saddle him, and was ridden ever after, till the day of his death. We consider ourselves superior to our English ancestors six hundred years ago; but nany men in this age may learn a lesson from he times of Edward the First. "And because elections ought to be free," says a statute of that time, "the king commandeth, upon great forfeiture, that no man, by force of arms, nor by malice or menacing, shall disturb any to make free election."

Many persons who admit that the Administration is violating the Constitution say: "It will be easy to settle all that hereafter." Mistaken men! The only time at which it is easy to resist encroachments is in the beginning, and when a nation puts off the "set tlement" to a future day, it is beginning to be enslaved. "As we cannot," says Macauley, without the risk of evils from which the magination recoils, employ physical force as check on misgovernment, it is evidently our wisdom to keep all the constitutional checks on misgovernment in the highest state of efficien cy, to watch with jealousy the first beginnings of encroachments, and never to suffer irregular ities, even when harmless in themselves, to pass unchallenged, lest they acquire the force of precedents."

An anecdote is related of Gen. Logan When he was a Colone! at the commencement of the rebellion, six companies of his corps and refused to do duty. The Adjutant informed Colonel Logan of the difficulty, who, he considered the emergency, he continued: "Well, Adjutant, I'll give 'em enough of stacking arms." Accordingly, he formed the muskets and stood them over the malcontents, cept in the extermination of the Southern for twelve hours. They didn't want to stack arms after that without special orders.

> At a regular stated meeting of Fairview Lodge, No. 214, held in their lodge-room at Fairview, Ky., July 31st, 1863, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously

> WHEREAS, it has pleased the Supreme Arch tect of the universe to remove from our midst our well-beloved brother Absolom Brown, W made with hands, eternal in the heavens where all good Masons hope to arrive at last; therefore be it Resolved, That in the death of Britier

> Brown this lodge has sustained a loss irrerat able, his proficiency rendering him acknowledged "criterion" of this lodge.

accommodate ourselves to the new state of the new state o the "circle" around the grave, the tender "fatherly tenderness," and shield their help-

R. Armstrong, Sec'y.

ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

'Vicksburg hath fallen!" O! most blessed joy! bur glorious dead its only sad alloy. ike a fond mother, when her c ild is born, the land forgets the pangs whose lightest thorn bierc'd its kind heart, and swell'd the tide of

blood That flows across its breast—a wide, redflood, God speed the news! and o'er each bleeding hear Pour thy sweet baim, and soothe its cruel smart.

-The Richmond Dispatch, after reviewing the recent rebel losses, falls back very ap-

—What though the field be lost?
All is not lost! The unconquerable will,
And study of revenge, immortal hate,
And courage never to submit or yield;
All these remain."

-The non-resistant wing of the Abolition ists are in a pleasant row as to whether or not the war should be conducted on peace -Ford's new theater in Washington is

nearly completed. It will be one of the best in the country.

-The American Dental Association held its regular annual session on Tuesday at the Assembly Bailding, in Philadelphia. Wm. H. Allen, of New York, was elected President for the ensuing year.

-Mr. William Campbell, the oldest cooper n Philadelphia, died at his residence recently at the age of 101 years.

-William Whiting, Solicitor of the War Department, who has been assigned to an important duty in Europe, left New York on Wednesday in the Canard steamer Persia.

-The Newburyport Herald, in alluding to the large per cent. of exemptions granted by the enrolling officers, says: "One of two things is true-there is either much perjury, or we are the most sickly people that ever had an existence. If it be true that the young men from twenty to forty-five are so diseased and debilitated as is reported, what is to be the physical condition of the next generation, of which these are to be the fathers? This is a more fearful thought than even the rebellion

-The gold mines of Nova Scotia are lookng up, notwithstanding reports to the con-

-The first shipment from Cairo to New Orleans since the suspension of the river navigation took place last Friday, when two boats started off, towing down 128,000 bushels

-The Richmond authorities have under ar rest a Mrs. Allen, charged with treasonable correspondence. She is the daughter of Dr. Wilson, a physician of the Thompsonian school, who kept a botanical store on Main nd military orders, and small as the vote street, in Cincinnati. The mother was an ambitious woman, and gave her children finished educations.

-A chap down in Connecticut, after the passage of the Conscript Act, got married to evade the eraft. He now says if he can get a divorce he will enlist, as if he must fight, he would rather do so for his country. This ellow has evidently made a mistake, matri-

-A correspondent at Memphis says: "The adies of this city begin to see a little beauty in the 'old flag,' and this beauty will be increased. They now tell you that they have never had any positive dislike to the flag under which their forefathers fought, but the men who carry the flag about the streets now are Yankees, and they hate a Yankee from of. It will bring no remedy for any evil. It Pennsylvania. A Massachusetts soldier, some of. It will bring no remedy for any evil. It is temporarily dissolved now, and we see the consequences. If the work was permanent They are like the man who despised a fiddler, but was passionately fond of a fiddle."

-A new Democratic paper is shortly to be

established in Troy by A. S. Pease, of Poughkeepsie, to be called the Troy Daily Press. -Senator Sprague has ordered a \$1,000 ring

for Miss Chase, his intended bride. It has a single diamond. Senator Sprague is young, good looking, smart, and is worth about three million. Hosts of Rhode Island girls have in vain tried to trap him.

-Rev. Dr. Bacon, of New Haven, has in preparation a life of the late Admiral Foote, which will be published early in the fall.

-Accounts from Liberia state the biennis election resulted in the choice of Hon, Daniel Bashiel Warner as President, and Rev. James M. Priest as Vice President, the term of office to commence in January next. Mr. Warner is of unmixed African blood, born in Baltimore, April 19, 1815, reached Liberia May 24

-Saratoga is said to be rapidly "filling up. Its visitors, who drink six quarts per day of Congress water, are no doubt in the same

-The City Council of Salem have voted to afford the same aid to the families of drafted men entering the service as to volunteers.

-Anna Dickinson, the Philadelphia oratress, has many engagements-so said-to lecture next season for \$100 per night. Goods often

bring a great deal more than they are worth. - The restrictions placed some time ago ipon officers of the army stopping at Barnum's City Hotel, forbidding them from soourning there, has been abrogated by Gen. Schenck, upon the representation of strong

- The Chicago Post says from the fate of John Morgan the insurgents may learn two or became aggrieved at something, stacked arms three lessons. First, that it is not always advisable to carry invasion beyond a navigable stream. Second, that it is not altogether safe on hearing it, exclaimed: "Stacked arms! The to count too largely upon abolition representdevil they have!" Then pausing a minute, as ation of "symyathy with the rebellion" in the loyal States. Such representations among sensible men in the North only excite contempt for the poor ignoramuses or disreputaremaining four companies in line with loaded ble demagogues who make them. Third, that a land of churches, school houses and telewhom he compelled to stack and unstack arms graph lines is not a healthful region for South-

> -The Canadians say it is not a little strange that the Imperial Government should have lent itself so readily to the contemplated, if not accomplished, transfer of the proprietorship of the Hudson's Bay Territory, seeing that Canada has aforetime disputed the validity of the Company's title, and do still dis-

-Ex Rev. W. H. Knapp has been sentenced to the penitentiary for two years for presenting false vouchers to the Government.

-It is proposed to pass in Massachusetts statute of limitation against the early marriage of army widows. Several who have gone off in new bonds of wedlock are perplexed by hearing that their patriot husbands "still live !"

-One of the editors of the Portland Press. Mr. Richardson, got conscripted, but immedia ely got an appointment to a clerkship at Washington. Of course he accepts the latter, Singular. Dick Carney, who, some four weeks

ed in making his escape from the neighbor hood, was arrested at Lebanon, Tennessee the past week. He was followed to the place by two citizens of the neighborhood where the murder was committed and by them arrested. He arrived from Nashville by boat on Wednesday morning, and, heavily ironed, An old flatboat was used for the purpose of \$11 in Richmond. The Mayor of Savannah is now confined in jail, waiting a trial before

the Military Commission.

ago, brutally murdered his neighbor Murphy

Charleston on the Seat of the Anxious. The Charleston Mercury says of the bombardment of Fort Wagner a fortnight ago, as viewed from the city:

It was a grand, terrible sight. The horizon, from Fort Moultrie to Vinegar Hill, was crowned with the shifting masses of the smoke of the conflict. Each moment the enemy's shells, sometimes singly, sometimes in clusters, could be seen bursting just above the site of Battery Wagner; but when, at in-tervals, the clouds of white smoke lifted for a time from the scene, the flig of the brave garrison could be seen still waving defaulty in the breeze, while with grim regularity and

A few minutes after eight o'clock in the

deliberation our guns kept replying to the

morning the bombardment commenced, and from this time increased in intensity until nearly dusk, when it culminated in one of the grandest and most fearful storms of shot and grandest and most fearful storms of snot and shell ever rained upon a battery on this continent. No language can do justice to the scene at this time. The sound was like a long-continued reverberation of thunder, peal following peal in succession, so rapidly that one could scarcely discern an interval. The air was filled with a bursting storm of iron, whose solid masses and splintered fragments buried solid masses and splintered fragments buried themselves in almost every foot of the devoted fort. Immense shells, striking the slope, bounded over the parapet and rolled across the parade-ground, to burst and scatter there. Others, losing a portion of impetus, ricocheted along the ground and over the water, throwing burge volumes of sand and sea high in air ng huge volumes of sand and sea high in air. while still more penetrated and were lost to sight in the broad carthen sides of the battery. On right and left could be seen shooting out a tongue of flame from every gun, and then fantastic shapes of smoke would linger for a moment, and drift away in clustering bunches, f stoons and spiral wreaths, to mingle with the heavy clouds that had gathered in the

The Courier says:

The bombardment on Saturday, which last-The bombardment on Saturday, which last-ed from morning till night, was as terrific as incessant, as fierce as it is possible for one to conceive. The thunder of their guns, the booming of the shells which bursted in myri-ads in and around Battery Wagner, led us to uppose that the slaughter must be immense and those least prone to give way to despond ent feelings looked on with blanched cheeks but compressed lips, and feared the worst; for to those who witnessed the bembardment from the houses and steeples, and the various points of observation, it seemed impossible for any work put up by mortal man to stand such a terrible and concentrated fire, and pass un-scathed through such an ordeal.

Anecdotes of General Grant. We find the following in the Detroit Free

A gentleman of this city, who was an early friend of General Grant, furnishes the fol-lowing reminiscences of the brave General

who has so inseparably linked his name with the victories of the Western armies: "General Grant is of a Methodist family of Ohio, and married the daughter of a Methodist local preacher, and the grand-daughter of the pioneer of Methodism in Western Pennsylvania, of the name of Wrenshall. When not much over twelve years of age he was at school, and had as a schoolfellow his own natural cousin, whose parents were Reitish subjects of Canada. arents were British subjects of Canada, Young Grant was taught to forgive injuries, as a divine precept, and to do good and not evil to others, and his father had impressed his mind with love of country and reverence for the name of Washington. The Canadian had been otherwise educated, and believed Washington a rebel. On one occasion a dis-cussion arose between the boys as to love of country and duty to a king, when John said: U. S. (Grant had been n'cknamed U. S.), your Washington was a rebel, and fought against

"Grant replied: 'Jack, you must stop that or I'll flog you. I can forgive you for abusing me, but if you abuse our Washington I'il off coat and fight, though you are cousin Jack, and mother may lick me for not forgiving for fighting, when his father interposed and

years.'
"Some few years ago the boys, now men Jack said: 'U. S., do you remember the cking you gave me for calling Washington a

'Yes, I do; and, Jack, I'll do it again under like provocation. Washington is my idol, and to me it is more insulting to speak disrespectfully of Washington or my country than to de-nounce myself. Mother's maxim does very private quarrels, but it don't appl where one's country is denounced or its goods.
Washington is first in the American Pantheon, and I could not rest easy if I permitted any

buse of his name.'
"Such was and is 'Unconditional Surrender' Grant."

A CASE WELL PUT .- Lieut. Col. Ferd Le ompte, a young Swi zer upon Gen. McClellan's staff, has written a book upon "The War in the United States." His admirable remarks on the illegality of secession show that he at least understands that part of his subject: The war, therefore, will continue, for the Union persists more than ever in wishing to  $r\epsilon$ -establish the unity of its territory; and, besides, peace, in the actual condition of things, be only a truce of some years, wholly for the advantage of the South. The war will, therefore, be pursued; and I permit myself to express publicly here my lively and sincere wishes for the final triumph of the

I express these wishes because secession i an illegality: it is contrary to the letter and the spirit of the Federal constitution, to the spirit of every constitution, and of every oranization of political society whatever. If it s allowed to one of the parties to a contract sanctioned by all, to withdraw himself from t without the consent of the others; if it is Howed to South Carolina to separate herself from the old Union, how can the right be refused to Virginia, for example, to separate herself from the new? How can the right be refused to a county, or subordinate division ar a snack. (commune) to separate itself from the State; to a family to withdraw itself from the county; about the manufacture of the county is a county in the county is about the manufacture of the county is a county of the county of the county of the county is a county of the county individual to liberate himself from society, and to arm himself against it? This doctrine of secession leads straight to anarchy, and is only, at bottom, a subtle theory of the ight of force and of barbarism.

TEA CULTURE'IN CALIFORNIA -An effort is making in California to test the cultivation of tea. Mr. H. A. Sonntag, at the Mission, a short distance from San Francisco, has one thousand thrifty-looking plants of this year's know not what they may eat in them." growth, from seed procured by a gentleman in China. The climate of California is about the same as that of the best tea-growing sections of China. Tea has been successfully grown in the province of Asam, in British Indies, the plantations lying along the foot of the Himalaya mountains, the climate of which is said to be very similar to that of the foot hil's of the Sierra Nevada mountains. The Asam tea is pronounced superior to China tea, and commands a better price in the British market. As tea plants must be f:ur years old before the leaves are suitable for picking, sometime must elapse before the success of the experiment of growing tea in California men, who were appointed to keep guard in the hall, walking near the plutform on which the men were lying. One of the latter re-

A shooting affray occurred in Robinson county, Tenn., last Thursday. G. H. Whitehead had some difficulty with a man named Simpson Rawson which resulted in the former shooting the latter down. Whitehead claims shooting the latter down. Whitehead claims that he was justified in the act, as he acted solely in self defense. He reported himself at the Provost Marshal's office, and gave bond to the amount of \$5,000 to report whenever notified, and be tried before the Military Commission. shooting the latter down. Whitehead claims that he was justified in the act, as he acted solely in self defense. He reported himself at the Provost Marshal's office, and gave bond to the amount of \$5,000 to report whenever

guerrilla gang, robbed a poor man living on Yellow Creek, below Clarksville, Tenn., of his all. Gray hairs covered his head, but the silver locks of age were not respected. They dragged him from his house, and placing one revolver to his head and another against his breast, forced him into a kneeling position, away. and made him remain quiet while his house was sacked. Such scenes as this are of daily Fortress Monroe to July 28th is very meager.

occurrence in the country. A squad of thirty guerrillas crossed to noon with 154 rebel prisoners. No Federal the north bank of the Cumberland river prisoners had been brought for exchange by ago, a receipt was given for only seventy-five Sunday night, in the vicinity of Palmyra. the last cartel from City Point. Gold is worth crossing. They belonged to one of the guer- has issued a proclamation directing the citi- other cases of similar injustice we do not rilla bands organizing on Yellow Creek,

Late Southern News-More About the Battle of Gettysburg.

A correspondent of the Richmond Sentinel writes from the camp of Alexander's battery of light artillery, near Hagerstown, Md., un Details of the Battle near Culpep der date of July 10:

der date of July 10:

The artillery fight of Friday (3d) was the greatest of the war—some say the greatest "field" artillery fight of the age. It began at half-past four o'clock. Our battery happened to fire the first gun at some skirmishers who were endeavoring to get into a ravine in our front. Before eight o'clock we had blown up four of the enemy's cussons, and we must have damaged him (and I learn he confessed it) terribly during the afternoon. Between one and five o'clock I am satisfied we fired 25 000 shot and shell. This was just before Pickett assaulted the enemy's works. Had they been carred, we would have been in Balti more ere this.

more ere this.

Not a gun was fired on Saturday. It reminded us all of the day (Thursday) that followed the battle of Sharpsburg. As it began to be intimated that we would fall back, every face grew sad; but when it was ascertained that our amponition (heavy ordnance) was nearly our ammunition (heavy ordnance) was nearly exhausted, all acquiesced. I have to see the first man who wishes to return to Virginia. I have talked with timid men, but all agree that we can whip the Yankees any day on a fair field. This is all we want. We care little about numbers. We don't expect to "remove mountains," but we hope, by God's blessing, to do what the Aumy of Northern Virginia has so often done before.

There is great discontent among the officers and men in regard to Order No. 72. The

and men in regard to Order No. 72 The stores (in Maryland) are all closed. Men who profess to be our friends in this State shut their doors in our faces and denounce our money. This is intolerable. These men are as truly our enemies as the blackest Republican in the land. To the Yankees their doors are wide-spread. They say they can't buy goods with our money. Why not let them invest some of their money in our bonds? We don't wish to "buy them out." They embark in other speculations which they own are more bay reload. hazirdous. They say we will certainly estab-lish our independence, and yet they will not turn a hand to help us. Many of our men need shoes, hats and clothes, and yet Quartermasters issue none, and none can be bought, though we offer to buy at a discount of our money from 50 to 100 per cent. "These things ought not to be." Officers ought to be allowed to buy what their men need; no one

THE HOSTAGE OFFICERS.

[From the Richmond Enquirer, July 27.] In response to the announcement that General Wm. H. F. Lee and Capt. Winder have been placed in confinement at Old Point as hostages for the two Yankee efficers, Flynn and Sawyer, condemned to be shot by the Confederate authorities, our commissioner has informed the Federal Government that the Confederate Government will not be in-timidated by any such threats, and that the xecution of said officers will take place as soon as the President may see fit. It is hoped that the Executive will see fit to give the order for execution immediately, and as we have now over five hundred efficers in our hands, [Our Government has at least five thousand rebel officers in its hands—Editor Bultimore American], besides some five or six thousand privates, it is in the power of the Government to carrry retaliation to a very bitter extreme. The people call for the death of these two Yankees, and it is useless to de-lay their death any longer.

THE REBEL NAVY.
The Richmond Wh g is glorying in the sid he rebels receive from the British, and talks f getting from England a few vessels of the Varrior class. It says:

'In the present state of the harbor defenses New York, Boston, Portland, and smaller forthern cities, such a vessel as the Warrior could have little difficulty in entering any of these ports and inflicting a vital blow upon the enemy. The destruction of Boston atome would be worth a hundred victories in the field. would bring such a terror to the blue sea" as to cause them to wish eagerly for ace, despite their overweening love of gain, which has been so freely administered to hem since the opening of this war. Vessels of the Warrior class would promptly raise the blockade of our ports, and would even in this respect confer advantages which would soon repay the cost of their construction."

CITY MARKETS. [From the Sentinel, July 27.] through the First Market, Saturda

morning, assured us revailing there at this time: New potatoes, \$1 per quart; onions, \$1 nari; cynlings, \$1 per dozen; cucumbers, \$1a 50 per dozen; green apples, 25ca\$1 per nart; cabbage, 50:83 per head; eggs, \$3 per czen; chickens, \$3.6 per pair; whortleberries, 75c per quart; blackberries, 25.50c per quart; green corn, \$3 per dozen cars; muttos, \$1 per pound; bacon, \$1 75 per pound; butter, bound; buttermilk, 50c per quart; sturgeon, 75c per pound.
The market appeared well supplied with all

these articles, yet these extraordinary prices

[From the Richmond Dispatch of the 27th.]

CAPTURE OF MORGAN'S MEN. This is a distressing blow upon the Confed-It has stood, and can still stand, a But the pride of the people was very nch interwoven with the achievements of Morgan. We do not like to judge after the result; but it seems to us that the expedition which put a river, navigable and unfordable for hundreds of miles, and fully commanded the whole distance by the enemy's gunboats, been rash and foolhardy. Nevertheless, he has done the enemy great damage in this long incursion.

WHAT SOLDIERS' "SNACKS" ARE MADE OF. The Petersburg (Va.) Express of the 25th ult. has the following paragraph, which will cause a weak feeling in the stomachs of many of cur soldiers who have taken "snacks"

"The negro women (two in number), who erved cooked dog meat to the soldiers near this city, a day or two since, were caucht, and a whipping of thirty-nine lashes adminis-tered to each. The dish was served in the shape of a Brunswick stew, in which dog and pork meat were promiscuously mixed, and dealt out to purchasers at the rate of one dol-

"Though a singular taste was observed about the meat, the discovery that any por-tion of it was canine was not made until a considerable part of the stew had been eaten. An examination of the bones was then made, when they were found to be veritable dog bones. We are glad to know that a swift and just punishment was visited upon the women who perpetrated this infamous deception. The love of money is the root of much evil, and we again advise our sold er friends to be

The Draft-A General Skedaddle of Substitutes in New Bedford, Mass.

[From the New Bedford (Mass.) Mercury, July 27.] Eight of the ten substitutes, who had been decepted, clothed with regular army suits, and nartered for safe keeping in Pierian Hall, kedaddled sometime between two and four o'clock yesterday morning, by lowering them-selves from a front window to the sidewalk on ourth street. The deserters cut their blank ets into strips, knotted them together, and then, probably, drew up the rope with which some accomplices outside furnished them, and by which they effected their escape.

Gibson, one of the two remaining, and who says he did not enlist to desert, states that bout 2 o'clock he woke, and found the watch

which we should have been executions; but the next who attempt to escape will find a different job on their hards. The names of the fingitives are as follows: John Riley and Wm. Johnson, of Ireland; Sanderson Howard, Jas. Johnson, of Ireland, Sanders and Strunswick; Wright and John Rice, from New Brunswick; Daniel Williams and Chas. W. White, from Ganada, and James Greene, from New York. It is suggested that Capt. Hatch have photographs taken of his next batch of substitutes, as aids to their recovery if they stray

FROM FORTRESS MONROE. The news from The steamer United States arrived that afterzens to prepare for home defense.

TELEGRAPHIC.

(From Yesterday's " Evening News."

Losses about Equal.

Valuable Documents Intercepted.

Fire at Washington.

Panic in Savannah.

Blair and Staff Arrived in St. Louis.

The Draft in the District of Colum-

NEW YORK, August 3. The Herald's Washington dispatch gives the following details of the fight on Saturday: Buford's cavalry crossed Rappahannock ford at nine o'clock vesterday morning. Our force

at nine o'clock yesterday morning. Our force was composed of the following cavalry regiments: Eighth New York, Third Virginia, Second United States, Sixth Pennsylvania, Fifth United States, First United States, Ninth New York, Eighth Iffinois and Seventeenth Pennsylvania. They crossed about half a mile above the railroad station. The object of the expedition was to ascertain the event making. expedition was to ascertain the exact position of the enemy on the railroad line towards Culpepper, and the amount of force they had disposed to dispute any crossing which we

might attempt.

The enemy's cavalry was encountered half a mile from the ford. It was a portion of Stuart's cavalry, and consisted Jones' and Hamilton's brigades, with the following regiments First South Carolina, Second South Carolina: Cobb's Georgia legion and Jefferson Davis Cobb's Georgia legion and Jefferson Davis, legion. Our cavalry drove the enemy gradu-ually, without any 'severe fighting, until a point was reached about one and a half miles this side of Cu'pepper, where the enemy's cavalry fell back on the infantry supports. We were then obliged to retire after a brisk fight with both their infantry and cavalry. The rebels outnumbered us two to one, afer-ter they had fallen back to a point where an infantry support earse to their assistance.
Our loss in the fight near Culpepper, which
was most important, was a few killed and
sixty six wounded. The latter arrived here

and are in Douglass hospital.
Our cavairy forces only retired a mile and a
half after they were attacked by the combined forces of the enemy's infantry and cavalry, and held the enemy at bay. We took about one hundred prisoners. Some of their wounded, left in our hands,

have arrived here.

The rebel prisoners in our hands say that many of their dead lay upon the field near Culpepper, and their loss equals ours.

Our cavalry, under Baford, made three successful charges on the enemy.

A corps of infantry crossed the Rappahannock, and was in position to render Buson's cavalry efficient support. According to the statement of one of our most intelligent pris-oners here, the rebel force is so much scatered along the numerous fords of the Rappahannock, watching our movements, that no general engagement is imminent at present. Per contra, our Union wounded in yesteaday's fight think quite the contrary, though in everything else the wounded of both sides agree

About ten days ago some of Col. Bakers detective force arrested at Brentswille a party en route for Richmond, upon whom was found some very important documents from this city, adoressed to Jeff. Davis as President of the Confederate States. Among them were accurate maps of all our fortifications and defenses of this city, and a description of the character of the works, number of guns in each, and strength of their garrison—also a statement that the rolls would be forwarded It is not known what is still under investigation.

diary. About 4,500 bales of hay and 1,000 nns of ice were destroyed. The fire extended to the adjacent stables. All moveable property neluding horses was saved. The progress of the fire was arrested by tions of the buildings.

New York, August 3. the fire was arrested by pulling down por-

The Port Reyal Free South says Savannih is deserted of troops. Several regi-ments had been sent to the relief of Vicks-burg, before our Charleston demonstration, nd since the latter event three regiments of afantry and Col. Anderson's artillery, numbering 24 brass 12-pounders, have been via Augusta to Charleston, leaving for th ense of the city but 900 cavalry, 300 infantry,

before mentioned, are, for this reason, only cicketed, and not garrisoned. The people of the city, thus left with the batteries and guns, but no troops to make them available, have become greatly alarmed lest we should capture Savannab. They have been, for the last two weeks, sending valuables into the interior of the State, and are daily expecting to see a Yankee cheese box in sight, flunked by a land

peatedly telegraphed to Gov. Brown for troops, but he invariably received the answer that there were no troops to sead, and the inhabitar ts must protect themselves.

[Special to the Cincinnati Commercial.] LEXINGTON, KY., Aug. 1.

The rebels under Scott yesterday burned a rain of nearly sixty wagons at Stamford, which were sent out from Camp Nelson after forage, and were returning when The train was escorted by the Thin Kentucky, which showed a little fight and then ingloriously retreated. Quite a number of teamsters escaped with their mules to Camp

Nothing definitely has been heard from the enemy since this forenoon. Sanders over-hauled them on the Somerset Pike, five miles evere skirmish, taking Cols. Ashby and Ack-

eson with 181 men prisoners.

Where the enemy and our pursuing forces now are is not known here.

This evening twenty additional prisoners arrived at Camp Nelson from Somerset.

Judging from this Sanders has driven them south of that place. The rebels here have a report of Scott being killed in the fight this

numerous small squads of rebels hovering about the mountains, ready to come down inday and prevent the election. They will be properly cared for, however. NEW YORK, Aug. 2. A private letter received in this city, dated

The post commander at Mt. Sterling reports

July 29, says:
"I went yesterday to Block Island, and made reconnoissance from the tallest tree there. "I saw from my elevated position that the bels were erectling a line of batteries and allding rifle pits almost the entire distance

m Fort Johnson to Secessionville along the Islands, distant from the former 1,000 yards. WASHINGTON, August 3.

Drafting for the District of Columbia commenced this morning. The large crowd in attendance was remarkably orderly, and inense interest was everywhere manifested. Sr. Louis, August 3. Major General Blair and several of his staff

arrived last night from Vicksburg. He was warmly welcomed by a large number of his CINCINNATI, August 3. River fallen 7 inches, with 7½ in the chan-

The destruction of horses incident to the military service has raised the Government price for horses from \$125 to \$145. Go ernment officials are now endeavoring to fill a requisition for several thousand horses from Maryland. Many valuable animals have already been taken in some of the counties, the Gov-

ernment agents giving scrip or receipts for them at a certain fixed price. [Wash. Republican. dollars for a horse worth one hundred and fifty dollars in the market. Whether there were

W. E. HUGHES, State Printer.

low the Customhouse.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1863. Arrival and Closing of the Mails at the Louisville Postoffice.

Arrives. Closes. 1:30 A.M. 7:30 P. M. 1:30 P. M. 12 night First Eastern and Northern econd " irst Western and South-9:00 A.M. 7:30 P.M 9:00 P.M. 12 night western econd Western sebville and Southern lle and Southern ucky....ille and Lebanon rall-6:00 P. M. 12 night. 6:00 P. M. 12 night. lle and Lexington 7:15 P. M. 12 night. conjeville and Bardstown 9:39 A. M. 12:30 P. M. 6:00 A. M. 9:00 A. M. Cincinnati Mailboats. ouisville and Evansville Mailboats \* Mailboats \* . . . . . . 6:00 A. M. 1:00 P. M. Shelbyville Mail . . . . . 6:00 P. M. 12 night. Shawneetown (Tri-weekly), 6:00 P. M. 12 night. (Tri-weekly), 12 night.

days and Saturdays.

Mails for way-offices close at 9:00 P. M. en all routes where the principal mails close at 12:00 at

night.
The mailboats for Cincinnati carry only way-mails, except on Sundays, when the Eastern mail is sent by that route.

No Sunday mails on the Louisville and Lexington railroad, Bardstown Branch railroad, Lebanon Branch railroad, and Shelbyville route.

\*\*The Box Delivery will be kept open until 9 P. M. Sundays—open from 8 to 9 A. M. Deliveries closed on Fridays from 10 A. M. to 12 noon for advertising.

### CITY NEWS.

WANTED TO HIRE-A sober, attentive negro men for the balance of the year. Inquire jy30 dtf at the Democrat Office.

The election is over, but we hardly

think there will be any demonstrations of joy over the result. We believe few human beings are entirely destitute of the sense of shame—we do not think our opponents have lost it entirely, and sure we are that while Sixth Ward—1st Precinct.—2d Pr one particle of shame is left they will scarcely indulge in any enthusiastic manifestations of joy. Their shouts would stick in their throats their flags would flap like the wings of illomened birds, and their fireworks would burn with the ghastly glare of the tomb-fire. No, they cannot dance while the corpse of Liberty is laid out before them; they cannot laugh with those death-fixed eyes staring them in

THE FLECTION.-The returns along the Frankfort reliread are about of the same character as in the city.

As the train came through Franklin yester day morning, there was but one Wickliffe vote, and that was polled before the arrival of Third Ward-1st Pre the soldiers.

We learn from Bloomfield and Mt. Washington that the Democratic ticket was entirely ruled off the poll books.

We learn that in Lexington some of the so!diers of the Second Maryland, Ninth Kertucky, and one other Eastern regiment were voted, not one of whom could claim his residence there.

At Portland Wickliffe votes were all ruled off but two or three, and the following parties arrested: Martin Nippert and his wife, Capt. George Miller, George Scott and Daniel Mc-Clellan.

Three hundred rebel priseners, who were captured by our forces in the vicinity of Winchester and Lexington, were brought down upon a special train from Lexington verdey. As the military prison could not accommodate any more with boarding, they were sent from the depot over the river and thence to Camp Chase. Some of them state that the rebei Colonel Scott is not killed as has been reported.

Report of the City Workhouse. Prisoners remaining July 1.... Prisoners committed in July.

Bailed and discharged. Poorhouse patients.

DANVILLE FEMALE ACADEMY. - This admirable institution, under control of the Rev. Mr. Selph, is already to well known to the most of our readers to need any notice from us. All who have visited or patronized the school testify to its happy arrangements for educating young ladies. The buildings and grounds are most tastefully constructed and arranged. See advertisement.

The incidents of the election yesterday will of themselves form an interesting bit of history, and we shall, as the smoke clears away, endeavor to furnish them to our readers in plain, unvarnished terms. If there are any who are jubilant over the result, and the history of yesterday's performances, we envy them not.

We call attention to the fact that the gular monthly meeting of the Louisville d of Trade takes place to-night. All the subbers are earnestly requested to be pres-Also those who have been elected members and have not yet taken the oath of affirmation.

We are authorized to announce the fact that no more passes will be issued at the Lou- take the oath of allegiance and be a happy isville and Nashville Railroad depot, All passes will be issued hereafter at Col. Mundy's headquarters, or at District headquarters.

The Rhine Saloon, on Fourth street, having one door open, with a good lot of cus- chap from this city, who was caught in sol- be useful to this command. If a man resist tomers inside, was closed in a very summary dier clothes, he having no right to wear this order, by refusing to report, shoot him manner about 11 o'clock yesterday by the mili- them. tary, and the proprietors taken to prison.

About one hundred sick and wounded soldiers were brought up from Nashville on the train Sunday evening. They represented every regiment in the army of the Cumber-

A man named Charles Davis took the liberty to shout for Jeff. Davis Sunday night, on the street. He was arrested and put in the mili ary prison. He was doing well at last thorities.

We direct the attention of men in the a permission to choose A. B. as bishop. We service to general order No. 122, issued from Gen. Burnside's headquarters, to be found in have nothing like that in this country.

our columns this morning. Quite a number of persons were arrested yesterday at the different precincts, some of the penitentiary for desertion. He was tried whom were released, but the majority were by court-martial at Clarksville, Tenn.

taken to the military prison. GETTING BETTER.-Col. Haggard, who has terday. We did not hear of an arrest that any been lying seriously ill for some time, at the of them made. The military were on duty. United States Hotel in this city, we are glad

to learn, is getting better. Several persons were arrested yesterday for Cincinnati papers of yesterday. morning, at the polls, for refusing to take down Walnut street yesterday. They are in-

the oath of allegiance. They were taken to the military prison. There was a knock-down vesterds

morning early, on the corner of Fourth and I fferson streets. We did not learn the par-The report that five men were killed

estirely without foundation. There were a few rebel prisoners came

up on the train from Nashville last evening.

### AUGUST ELECTION---1863.

VOTE OF THE CITY OF LOUISVILLE.

				-											21123		
	FOR GOV.		LIEUT.		ATT'Y GEN'L		FOR AUD'R.		FOR TREAS. I		FOR REG'T'R. I		SUPT. PUB. INST.		FOR CONG.		
WARDS.	Wickliffe	Bramlette.	Read	Jacob	Turner	Harlan	Green	Samuels	Kalfus	Garrard	Frazier		McKee	Stevenson.	Wolfe	R. Mallory.	
TENTH WARD.	22	55	21	56	21	56	22	54	22	54	22	54	22	54 122	22 70	54 122	
Second Precinct.	70	122	70	122	70	122	70	122	70	122	70	122					
First Precinct	34	167	34	167	34	167	34	167	34	167	34	167	34	167	34	167	
Second Precinct.	11	196	11	196	11	196	10	196	11	196	11	196	11	196	11	196	
First Precinct	43	127	39	130	38	129	39	129	38	129	39	129	39	129	36	128	
Second Precinct. SECOND WARD.	43	122	43	122	43	122	43	122	43	122	43	122	43	122	43	122	
First Precinct	45	136	32	141	27	140	29	140	27	138	25	138	26	139	35	144	
Second Precinct.	32	162	27	158	22	157	21	157	22	157	21	156	20	156	28	158	
Third Precinct	37	85	25	88	20	86	20	81	20	86	19	77	22	83	25	89	
First Precinct	37	138	26	139	22	188	21	139	23	138	22	135	22	138	28	141	
Second Precinct. FOURTH WARD.	123	188	116	195	104	193	121	185	108	186	107	184	107	181	117	207	
First Precinct	36	96	31	99	30	99	29	9	32	- 87	30	95	31	93	29	91	
Second Precinct.	74	116	67	123	62	123	65	120		122		116	63	117	66	119	
First Precinct	56	195	46	200	46	198	45	193		198		197	45			203	
Second Precinct.	45	104	42	106	40	106	38	106		105		105	39	105.		107	
First Precinct	65	119	55	117	50	115	48	114		114		114	.47	116	53	115	
Second Precinct. SEVENTH WARD.	63	147	48	148	40	150	44	147		150		145	40	145	42	154	
First Precinct	93	218	84	218	80	217	83	216		218		215	93	217	77	219	
Second Precinct.	53	95	- 50	97	48	97	49	97		96		97	48	98	49	98	
First Precinct	89		81	147	71	147	73			148		146	74	143	74	71	
Second Precinct.	46		38	68	36	68	33			66		66	34	67	36 56	159	
Third Precinct NINTH WARD.	66	150	60	149	58	149	60	147		146		145	59	145	100		
First Precinct	77	214	64	243	60	244	60	241	60	249	56	244	57	243	69	243	
Second Pre inct.												:					
To'al	.1265	3188	1110	3229	1033	3218	1058	319	4 1045	318	8 1028	3165	1036	3176	1086	-	
Majorities	0.	1923		2119		2185		2136	3	2143	3	2137		2140		206-	

Seventh Ward-1st Precinct
-2d Precinct
Eighth Ward-1st Precinct. THIRTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT. Harney. First Ward-1st Precinct -2d Precinct... " —2d Precinct
" —3d Precinct
Tenth Ward—1st Precinct
—2d Precinct .. 212 Eleventh Ward-1st Precinc STREET INSPECTOR, E. D. Bailey, Modenback First Ward-1st Precinct. 1151 205 Second Ward-1st Precinct.

"-2d Precinct.
"-3d Precinct.
"-3d Precinct.

144

Bullock. Granger. .....25 142 .....114 188 .....32 196

.803

203

339

. 159

571

Walton.

Jefferson, Hamilton,

THIRTY EIGHTH DISTRICT.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE.

Seventh Ward-1st Precinct...

-2d Precinct...

Eighth Ward-1st Precinct...

First Ward-1st Precinct

Tenth Ward—1st Precinct....
Tenth Ward—1st Precinct...
"—2d Precinct...
Eleventh Ward—1st Precinct...
"—2d Precinct...

second Ward-1st Precinct

Fourth Ward-1st Pre

Fifth Ward-1st Precinca

Sixth Ward-1st Precinct

eight orphan children.

there in 1828.

father, Dr. Basil Dake, who married a sister

of Chief Justice Marshall, and for many years

lived in Washington, in this State, and died |

HURLEY'S STOMACH BITTERS .- We call the

attention of all who are suffering from that

lant men: Remember, we fight for common

rights-what we ask for ourselves we willing-

ly accord to others-freedom under the Con-

stitution and laws of the country, the country

One of General Pemberton's rebel sol-

man at home with his family and little ones.

Among the persons arrested yesterday

that he intended to vote the Wickliffe ticket

He was incarcerated in the military prison

and had not been released late last evening.

A soldier by the name of Trottle was

transferred from Barracks No. 1 yesterday to

his case will be investigated by the civil au-

want a bishop the Queen issues a conge d'elire,

Julius Rucker, E ghth Kentucky, has

been sentenced to ten years corfinement in

The police corps had an easy time yes-

We are indebted to Mr. Wright, the

We noticed a large drove of cattle pass

The election in Shelbyville, Ky., passed

off very quietly. There was not a single dis-

Messrs. Ehrick and Palmer have all the

PERSONAL.-Colonel O. H. Moore is in the

tended for army consumption.

turbance that we heard of.

and Main Streets.

of Washington and of Jackson.

Total .....

Total.

-2d Precinct -3d Precinct

- 2d Precinct.

-2d Precinct

119 197 106 117 147 223 95 Eleventh Ward—1st Precinct. —2d Precinct.

Third Ward-1st Precinct...

-2d Precinct...
Fourth Ward-1st Precinct

" -2d Precinct. Tenth Ward-1st Precinct.

### ...701 COUNTY RETURNS.

ahead.

Harrod's Creek, 5½ o'clock.—Bramlette 38; Wickliffe, 47; Jacob, 35; Read, 46; Garrard, 36; Kalfus, 44; Harlan, 36; Turner, 44; Samuels, 36; Green, 44; Dawson, 36; Frazier, 44; Stevenson, 36; McKee, 44; R. Mallory, 46; Wolfe, 44; G. Mallory, 35; Harney, 42; Wm. Allen, 37; Boyd Winchester, 41.

Gilman's Precinct.—Wickliffe, 65; Bramlette, 50; Read, 59; Jacob, 51; Turner, 57; Harlan, 51; Green, 58; Samuel, 50; Kalfus, 59; Garrard, 50; Frazier, 57; Dawson, 50; McKee, 58; Stevenson, 51; Wolfe, 58; Mallory, 56; Harney, 49; G. Mallory, 67; Winchester, 72; Aften, 44.

New Haven, 3 P. M.—Bramlette, 100; Wickliffe, 87.

Bills, Circulars, Cards, Posters, &c. 806 liffe, 87.

Bosten, 3 o'clock.—Wickliffe, 6; Bramlette, 894

Marchall, 60. 8altillo, Oldham county, 12 M.—Wickliffe, 36; Bramlette, 21. 202 105 FOR ALDERMAN.

Fourth Ward-Second Precinct-Carter, 107; Bubston, 20; Davies, 3.

to be hung three years ago for the murder of his wife, suffered the full penalty of the law at 12 M. in Lexington on Friday. He start Hung .- James W. Hart, who was sentenced A squad of thirty-two men of the at 12 M, in Lexington, on Friday. He strug- down the Fort Donelson line, from Clarksat 12 m, in Lexington, on Friday. He strug-gled violently for fourteen minutes, when his muscles seemed to relax. After hanging thir-in re-opening the line. The line was repaired in re-opening the line. The line was repaired ty-one minutes and twenty-five seconds he was cut down and life pronounced extinct. The prisoner made a few touching remarks, testifying his happiness and trust in his Maker testifying his happiness happine and briefly scanned his past history, and earn- his return to Clarksville, intending to repair and warranted to fit. estly prayed that all who stood there as wit- the line on the route. The party was moving nesses might not follow in his footsteps. He forward without thought of danger, and twelve was born and raised in Hanover county, Va., miles from Fort Donelson, on the Tennes- Warranted equal to the best custom removed to Indiana in 1842, and went to Lex- see Ridge, they found the wire cut. The Fed- work. ington in 1858, where he committed the deed eral scout, in moving forward, rode into an for which his life was forfeited. He leaves ambuscade formed by Jack Henson's men, who numbered about twenty-five. They fired severely on our party, scattering them front Capt. Duke, of the United States navy, and is and rear. The telegraph repairer was mortally Col. Basil Duke is the son of the late Capt. Duke, of the United States navy, and is only twenty-six years old, and was born at the house of his nucle. Lie K Duke of Scatt the furthest. Lieutenant Heffaer, with six the house of his uncle, Jas. K. Duke, of Scott

county, Ky., who is the father of the St. Louis men, arrived at Clarksville Wednesday night, Basil. They are both named for their grand and could not account for the balance of his scout. The other portion of the men got s fely back to Donelson, leaving the wounded r pairer in the hands of the enemy. Colonel Lyons immediately sent out a heavy scout, and Henson rapidly retreated.

KENTUCKY ELECTION .- The result of the terrible disease, dyspepsia, or any disease of about two to one for Bramlette in the wards the stomach, to Hurley's Stomach Bitters. below Fourth street, and even a heavier majority in his favor in the wards above that

some of the most successful remedies of the day, and we have no doubt his Bitters will prove all he claims for it. Try it, and judge for yourselves.

Street.

Namerous arrests of persons pointed out by the "spotters" at the polls as rebels, have been made, the parties arrested being placed in the military prison. Files of soldiers are stationed at all the polls, and we saw several pieces of artilery, with horses hitched, and the men at the guns, ready for action at a General Rosecraps, in one of his recent the men at the guns, ready for action at a orders, among other things, says to his gal | moment's notice.

In Portland at 12 o'cleck the vote stood— Braml tte, 30; Wickliffe, 2 The two votes for Wickliffe at this poll were cast before the soldiers arrived.

The Wickliffe men are overawed, and it is

probable but few of them will attemp; to vote this afternoon.—[New Albany Ledger 3d.

Colonel Richardson, rebel guerrilla diers arrived at Nashville on Sunday, having ssued an order requiring all men in West walked from Vicksburg. He was on his way Tennessee, between eighteen and forty-five, to Shelbyville, Tenn., where he expected to to report to his camps under the rebal conscription law. The following barbarous instructions are to govern his men in carrying Several citizens of Nashville and David- out this order: "If a man shall absent himson county were released from prison in self from home to avoid this order, burn his Nashville on Sunday. Among them was a house and all his property, except such as may down and leave him dying. If a man takes refuge in his house and offers resistance, set was our neighbor, Mr. Muldoon, who said the house on fire and guard it so he may not

get out." On the 231 ult. Capt. Joseph W. Coltingham and Lieut. P. M. Stricklette were mbushed near Clarksburg, in this State, by two bushwhackers, and both shot and woundthe city jail. He is charged with murder, and ed dangerously, perhaps mortally. The officers were on recruiting service at the time. One Moses Ruggles and son are suspected of this assassination. The son had escaped, but FREE ELECTION.-In England when they the father is in jail awaiting trial.

> The Kentucky State elections come off o-day, August 3.1. It is thought the race for Governor, between Gen. Bramlette, radical, and Hon. Chas. A. Wickliffe, conservative, will be very closely contested.
> [Nashville Press, 3d.

> The Bloomington (Ind.) Republican says that the wheat, rye, barley and grass crops of Monroe county have turned out un-

Three hundred and sixty rebel prisoners arrived at Indianapolis from Port Hudson popular Adams Express Company messenger, on Sunday. They were sent to Camp Mor-

> About seventy-five guerrillas took dinnerat Springfield Junction, about ten miles from Nashville, on Sunday.

street, between Jackson and Hancock.

In Buffa'o, N. Y., July 25th, 1863, of congestion of the brain, Dr. David R. Lyman, in the 54th year of his age. The deceased was born in Huffalo, and removed, in a Brigadier General Alvin P. Hevey was at the Bates House, Indianapolis, on Saturday night.

Thanks to Mr. Nunnemacher, of Adams Express, for St. Louis papers of yesterday, Louis papers of yesterday.

'n Portland yesterday during the election is late periodicals at their News Depot, coner 3d at the Bates House, Indianapolis, on Saturday

A RENCOUNTER WITH GUERILLAS .- The Nashville Press of Monday learns that, on the 23d ult., a sutler of the 24th Illinois, in company with another white man and a negro, were surprised and captured by a band of guerillas, a short distance from that city, while LOUISVILLE. en route for Murfreesboro. Mr. Jenkins, ascertaining the whereabouts of the captors, applied to Lieut, Gruelle, of the Seventh Kentucky, who, with two companies, attacked four hundred of the marauders about two o'clock the night after the capture, and routed the whole party, retaking the horses and five prisoners. Mr. Jenkins and Lieut. Gruelle acted with the greatest courage, and de serve much credit for their timely presence among the rascally guerillas.

DEATHS IN HOSPITAL. -The following deaths occured in general hospitals at Nashville on Saturday and Sunday:

John Kimbrell, co C, 4th East Tenn.
William Peck, 7th Pa.
Levi McDowell, co D, 21st Ill.
W. M. Lane (rebel) co H. 19th Tenn.
William E. Baird, co E. 22d Mich.
Horatio Harris, co F, 78th Pa.
Franc's M Powers, co G, 10th Ky.
John Hawkins, co F, 2d Ind.
Erastus Brookins, citizen of Nelsonville, Ohio.

On Friday last Nathan Hall, of Shelbyville, Indiana, got drunk and fell into a cattle pit on the I. & C. R. R. His head protruding out of the pit, the train came along,

earthly career. Sixty-eight rebel officers-Morgan's men are confined in the penitentiary at Columbus, Ohio, who will be held there until Col. Straight and officers are released. C.l. Duke is among the number.

dashed out his brains, and thus finished his

HEADQUARTERS DEP'T OF THE OHIO, §

General Orders, No. 122.

All officers and eniisted men belonging to forces serving in this Department found ab ent from their commands seven days after the date of this order, without a proper leave approved at these headquarters, will be consid ered as deserters.

The rend zvous of those who have been in pursuit of Morgan, will be Covington Bar-By command of Maj. Gen. Burnside.

Lewis Richmond, Ass't Adj't General. aug4 d4&w1 HEADQ'RS POST COMMANDANT LOUISVILLE, Louisville, Kv., Aug. 1, 1863. Special Orders No. 163

EXTRACT. I. To correct gress abuses which have crept into the pass system, all passes to persons going over the Louisville and Nashville railroad, to points beyond Bowlinggreen, and in-to the Department of the Cumberland, will hereafter be issued at these headquarters and

Floyd'sburg, 5% o'clock.—Bramlette, 16; Wickliffe, 84; Jecob, 15; Read, 77; Harlan, 15; Turner, 77; Garrard, 14; Kalfus, 77; Samuels, 14; Green, 77; Dawson, 14; Fraz'er, 77; Stevenson, 14; McKee, 77; Mailory, 15; Wolfe, 81; DeHaven, 81.

Brownsboro, 12 o'clock, M.—Wickliffe one chead.

Brownsboro, 12 o'clock, M.—Wickliffe one chead.

Brownlette 38:

The Job DEPARTMENT in the Democrat Office is now ready for all kinds of printing. Bills, Circulars, Cards, Posters, &c., printed at the shortest possible notice, and at prices to suit the times.

The largest and best assortment of gents' furnishing goods to be found in the city is at Scott, Keen & Co.'s, corner Sixth and Main Streets. my23 dtf

We believe that home enterprise should

Fine black dress suits at Scott, Keen & Co.'s, corner Sixth and Main streets.

Roofing .- The attention of the public is called to my elastle paint and roofing cement, which is considered by all who have tested it to be the best and cheapest material of the kind now in use for tin, iron, or meta roofs. C. Coggeshall, Jefferson street tween Fourth and Fifth, Louisville, Ky. je10 tf

WANTED! WANTED!-Gold, Silver, Demand Manufacturer of Giit Work and Dealer Notes and Southern money, for which I will pay the highest prices, at my office, Third street, one door north of Green, next to the Capital Drugstore.

Julius Mendel, Broker.

If you want a good fitting shirt go to Scott, Keen & Co.'s, corner Sixth and Main streets.

Dr. Bettisen's well known and celebrated English Horse Linament never fails to cure all external diseases of horses and cattle efficiently and permi-nently, manufactured by its present sele proprietor, W. C. Coleman, and sold everywhere. A liberal discout allowed to dealers. Main depot, Main street, No. —.

Our Dr. John Bull is a Napoleon in his sphere of action. His Cedron Bitters bid fair to clear the field of all rivals. jy10 dif

Scott, Keen & Co., corner Sixth and Main streets, have just received a large and select stock of fine clothing and furnishing goods. my23 dtf

"WE PRESUME."-The rush at J. M. Armstrong's great clothing house, on Main street opposite the National, the last few days, "we presume," is in consequence of the reduction in the price of his men's and boys' clothing. Clothes hampers, a choice article, just

eceived at J. Sues'. Baby Buggies and feather dusters, ortment, constantly on hand at J.

A large assortment of business suits

and Main streets. my23 dtf World's Fair, London, 1863 .- The high est premium has been awarded for the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines at the World's Fair, recently held in London, England, with all other sewing machines in competition. This result was not unexpected of course, but is still highly complimentary to American genius, and a triumph more noteworthy considering the public sentiment in England. This marked recognition of this machine not only adds to its prestige, confirming, as it does, only adds to its prestige, confirming, as it does the numerous awards here, but should satisfy the public that if any sewing is done Wheeler & Wilson's is the machine to do it. WM. SUMNER & Co.,

General Agents for the West & Southwest, Office No. 1, Masonic Temple. For boys' and youths' crothing go to

Scott, Keen & Co.'s, corner Sixth and my23 dtf Main streets. UNITED STATES REVENUE STAMPS .- I have on hand and will constantly keep a full sup

DIED.

August 3d, at 6 o'clock A. M., ALICE SCROTGHAM, aged 18 years. The funeral will take place on Tuesday morning, at 10

o'clock, at the residence of Mr. Crutchfield, on Gray street, between Jackson and Hancock.

oly of the above stamps.

Persons ordering by mail may depend upon naving their orders filled by return mail. Forwood's Remedy cured me. I used it in my family and gave it to six cases of "Chronic Camp Diarrhoza. In one or two days all were cured, and KEPT WILL. REUBEN WUNDY, Lt. Col. 6th Reg. Kentucky Volun eer Cavairy. Office in Customhouse. PHILIP SPEED,

Col. Int. Rev. 3d Dis. Kentucky. MARRIED. On the 2d inst., in this city, by J. P. Goodson, Mr. ALEXANDER E. STEWART, and Mrs. ELIZA LAPEE.

New Albany papers please copy.

Said medicine is composed of more than a dozen extracts from the vegetable kingdom, obtained in the United States, and from six foreign countries. It is manufactured and for side to Druggists and others, at Na. 335, east side of Third struct, 125 yards south of the Petoffice. Louisville, Ky.

WM. H. FORWOOD. WM. H. FORWOOD.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Main and Fourth.

je12 dtf

SUMMER SOFT HATS,

STRAW HATS,

COOL ZEPHYR UNDERWEAR

SHIRTS AND UNDERWEAR

MADE TO ORDER FROM MEASUREMENT.

Military Hats, Caps, and Trim-

mings to Order.

ccd by the use of Dr. John Bull's Cedron Bitters in

ses of general debility and prostration of the system and believe its general use would prevent disease and relieve much suffering. Among our soldiers particular-

g would this be the case, especially those who are ex-cesed to miasmatic influences in the Southern climate.

Collector of the Port of Louisville, Ky.
COL. H DENT.
Provost Marshal General of Kentucky.

Wholesale D. y Goods Dealers, Main street,

Lithographers, cor. Market and Third sts.,

Clothing Merchant, cor. Third and Market sts.,

Louisville, Ky.

Louisville, Ky.

THE TURNED HEAD!

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

WHITE TO BLACK,

r red to a rich brown without drying up the juices

Price \$1, \$1 50 and \$3 per box, according to size.
iy26 deod&wim No. 6.

Cristadoro's Hair Preservative.

Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost seft-ness, the most beautiful gloss, and great vitality to the Hair.

Price 50 cents, \$1 and \$2 per bottle, according to ize. fe26 d&wly

HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!

BATCHELOR'S CELEBRATED HAIR DYE IS THE best in the World. The only Harmless, True and

Reliable Dye known. This splendid Hair Dye is Perfect

changes Red, Rusty or Grey Hair instantly to

Hair or staining the Skin, leaving the Hair soft and

peautiful; imparts fresh vi ality, frequently restoring its

pristine color, and rectifies the ill effects of bad Dyes The Genuine is signed William A. Batchelor, all other

are mere im tations, and should be avoided. Sold by all

Barchelor's New Toilet Cream for Dressing the Hair. jy8 dly

429 MAIN STREET.

PRATHER & SMITH.

F. H. HEGAN,

Druggists, &c. FACTORY-81 BARCLAY-ST., N. Y.

Glossy Black or Natural Brown, without injuring th

the hair. It is the only safe bair dye in the world. Manufactured by J CRISTADORO, 6 Astor Ho New Fork. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair

Louisville, Ky.

of steamer Major Andercon.

Paymaster U. S. Army.

DAVIS, GREEN & CO., Wholesale Shoe Dealers, Main st., Louisville

lives of thousands of our soldiers.

MAJ. PHILIP SPEED,

Collector Int. Rev. 3d Dist. Ky, CHAS B. COTTON.

REV. D. P. HENDERSON, Secretary Sanitary Commission.

HARNEY, HUGHES & CO., Publishers Demo rat.

Prop. Louisvi'le Anzeiger. HUGHES & PARKHILL,

HART & MAPOTHER.

CAPT. S. F. HILDRETH,

MAJ L T THUSTON.

COL. JESSE BAYLES,

which in five minutes change

4 h Ky. Cavalry.

Louisville Journal.

GEORGE D. PRENTICE,

C. M. METCALF.

JULIUS WINTER,

GEO. P. DOERN,

## NASHVILLE

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MANUFACTURERS OF Refined Carbon Oil, Extra Lard Oil

Refined Coal Oil, Pure Rosin Oils, R. R. Fish Oils, Benzole and Naptha, Headlight Oil, Lubricating Petroleum, Car and Axle Grease, Paint Dryer.

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

SPERM, WHALE, SEAL, AND OTHER OILS SUITABLE FOR BURNING. ALSO

Manufacturers of Coal and Carbon Oil Lamps of every description, from the cheapest Kitchen Hand Lamp to rich Parlor or Church Lmap, with Marble Bases, and most approved Burners, Wicks, Shade Chimneys, Globe Brushes, Lamp Trimming, &c., &c.

AGENTS FOR JUDSON'S TRANSPARENT CONES. Let those who have doubted the virtues of BULL's CEDRON BITTERS, if any such there be, read the following Certificate from gentlemen well known in this com Warehouse and Store, Bullitt Street. nunity, and doutt no more.

Its general introduction into the army will save the

Carbon and Coal Oil Works, Corner Sixteenth and High Streets, Lard Oil and Lamp Factory, Bullitt st., bet. Main and Water. LOUISVILLE. KY., June 3, 1863. We, the undersigned, have seen the good effects pro-



ISSUED NOVEMBER 29, 1861.

LIGHT, STRONG, PORTABLE AND CONVENIENT HAND MILL.

the and a band wheel for power.

A greater amount of efficiency with less weight and exp nse.

It will crush and press more apples in a given time with less power.

It is a greater amount of efficiency with less weight and exp nse.

It is a less liable to get out of order.

It is arranged to run by hand or power.

It is arranged or run by hand or power.

It is a greater on the latter than the property of the pr

PRICE-SMALL SIZE \$30; LARGE SIZE \$40.

J. D. BONDURANT, Western Seed and Agricultural Warehouse,

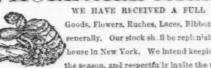
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MILITARY AND SUTLERS' GOODS.

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# WHOLESALE MILLINERY GOODS.



in French and American Window-Glass, Wall Paper, Looking-Glasses, Photograph and the season, and respectfu'ly invite the trade to give us a call. Ambrotype Materials, Particular attenion is called to my assor ment of fine eng avines, colomed and uncolored, to which I am con-tantly adding the newest and best p blications as they are issued by the first publishing houses of Europe and ory for Gilt Work is fitted with the most ap (machinery, and my facilities unsurpassed for ing Gill Frames, oval and square, of new and ele-ssigns, at the lowest rates, ial atten ion given to the framing of Photographs jeil dis m

FRUIT-CAN CEMENT, BOTTLE SEALING-WAX,

# FRUIT CANS, D. R. MUSSELMAN.

WRIGHT & BACON'S,

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AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, 147 Fourth Street, Louisville, Ky.
Kee:s constantly on hand a large supply of New
York and Western Reserve Cheese and Butter. signments and orders solicited. Liberal cash ances made on consignments.

at Scott, Keen & Co.'s, corner Sixth FORWOOD'S REMEDY. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TESTED WM. H

# DIARRHŒA

FLUX,

Or having observed its effects on others, confidently recomm nd it to the public as a rafe, spendy, and effective remedy for the diseases for which it is deeffective remedy for the diseases for which it is designed:
GEO. W. JOHNSTON, Judge of City Court, Louisville,
C. W. LO. AN, Judge of Chancery Court for six years.
V. McKNIGHT, President of the Bank of Kentucky.
JOSHUA B. BOWLES, President of B.nk of Louisville,
T. W. RILEY, ex-Secaker Ky, Legislature & Attorney,
B. F. A. ERY, owner of Hospital, co. 15th and Main.
A. C. OSBORNE. D. D., Trustee of Public Schoo s.
GEO. GUIREY, Pastor of U. Baptist Church.
HARRY STUCKY, Clerk of the Chancery Court.
ROYAL TAYLOB, State Agent for Ohio soldiers.
The above are of Louisville. Kv.
W. J. LANDRUM. Col. 18th Ky., com'dg brig, by Vicksb.
W. C. WHITAKER, Col. 6th Ky., Ky. Senator and Aty.
DR. L. J. KEELER, Surgeon 6th Kentucky Cavalry.
DR. W. L. WHITE, late Sugeon, U. S. Ařmy.
I have used Forwood's Remedy in my family, and find

I have used Forwood's Remedy in my family, and fin t a safe, speedy and sure remedy for both adults an ehildren.

Judge City Court of Louisville.

Forwood's Remedy award me.

It Col. 6th Reg. Kentucky Volun eer Cavalry.

I used Forwood's Remedy in my family, and had is given to the men of my regiment. One had been con fined one month, another had "Chronic camp Dia rhoes" for twelve moeths. In two days all wer-cured, and continued well.

Lt. Col., com'dg 3th Reg. Ky. Vol.

I cured myself with Forwood's Rewedy, and gave it to fif.y-two persons. Twenty-five of them had deeply seated "Chronic Camp Diarrhoea." Every case war ured in from one to three days, and remained well. I is a pleasant liquid that heals to et bmach and howels restores digestion, relieves pain, and cur's without producing costiyeness or any bad effects.

iven-ss or any bad effects. Maj. W. N. FISHBACK, of Danville, Ky.

BOARDING. A LARGE FRONT ROOM AND BOARD IN A PRI-vate family, can be had in a delightful neighbor-hood, by address ng, with re'erences, "X", Louisville pay office."

TWO NEGRO WOMEN WITHOUT INCUMBRANCE and de la land de l

# Manufacturers of all Kinds of

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N. B. Particular attention paid to the purchasing of Leaf Tobacco.

SADDLERY, HARNESS AND TRUNKS,

No. 609 Main Street, one door above Louisville Hotel, Louisville, Ky. Texas and California styles made to order on short notice.

THIS INSTITUTION AFFORDS YOUNG LADIES its usual facilities of education in the Natural and foral Sciences. Ancient and Modern Lausuages, the Arts and Ornamentals, and 1 Morals and Manners. Terms moderate. Next session commence, on the first Monday in Sept-mber.

For catalogues or information, address the Principal, Rev DUNGAN H. SELDH. principal, address the Principal, REV. DUNCAN H. SELPH.
Danville, Ky.

and dl\* 435 Main street, next to corner of Fifth. For Sale.

A HANDSOME COUNTRY PLACE, EVery way desirable, containing 20 acres, is of fered at cost, for \$12,000, which includes all personal effects, crops, &c. Will take two dwellings in the city at \$6,000 each. Apply on the premises, to aud di\*

4 or 5 mil s on Bardstown pike. Strayed

ON THE 21st OF JULY, 1863. FROM THE undersigned, living on Market st., bet. Clay and Shelby, a wife COW, with red ears and feet, tail and ears cropped. Any one retuning said cow to me, or giving information so that I can set her will be suftably rewarded.

W. R. RAMMERS.

Painted Buckets and Tubs. 350 Doz. PAINTED BUCKETS, ALL COLORS;

Just received and for sale by

Just received and for sale by

and discovered and discovered and discovered and discovered and

Zine Washboards.

W. H. CRUTCHER, 625 MAIN STREET.

50 Recruits Wanted for the First Kentucky Artillery \$42 PAID IN ADVANCE.

light R. A. MOFI

Motice of Dissolution.

NOTICE. HE'EBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I WILL NOT BE respons ble for any debts contracted by Miss E. Cluff, in the n me of Cluff & Nelson, from this date.

Au ust 3, 1963—auds 2"

MRS. A. NELSON.

PATENT FOUR-MINUTE ICE CREAM FREEZERS, a new articles, W-ter Coolers, Wire Dish C vers, Proceedin and Irass Preserving Kettles, all size, for 3-le by MM. PYNE.

(SUCCESSORS TO MUSSELMAN & SON),

New Saddlery Warehouse.

COFFEE. Danville Female Academy. 200 Bags Prime Coffee,

NOTICE. THE PERSON WHO STOLE THE LARGE AMBRO-type of E. D. Warder, framed in an oval gilt frame-from my photgraph gallery a few days ago, is requested to return the same, and he will promote his own interest by so doing, as he is known. For sale low to close Consignment.

THIS BATTERY HAS BEEN

THE LATE FIRM OF GUY & CLARK WAS DIS-solved on the 1st day of July, 1863. By concent of parties A. F. Clark will close the business of the firm as financial sgent, and may sign the firm name in Hauida-tion. B. GUY. A. F. CLARK.

Ice Cream Preszers.

GATES PATENTS

For Sale by J. D. BONDURANT. jy21 d3m This title of one of Dr. Warren's stories is realized i

of th. It is better adapt d to other purposes than any other.

7th. It will make eight barrels of cider per day.

Liberal iscount to the trade.

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Swords, Belts, Sashes Pistols, Cots, Mattresses,

WE HAVE RECEIVED A FULL ASSORTMENT OF STRAW

Goods, Flowers, Ruches, Laces, Ribbons, Siks, and Millinery Goods generally. Our stock shall be replanished daily by express from our ouse in New York. We intend keeping a complete stock all through

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REFINED COAL AND CARBON OIL, LUBRICATING OIL and Benzole, Lamps and Chandaliers of all styles, for

every use and place, with all the Fixtures and Appurtenances of the Oil and Lamp trade, for dealers and consumers,

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MUSSELMAN

Third Street, Between Main and Water,

SAMUEL BAKER.

Large Auction Sale,

## BY L. KAHN & CO.,

404 MAIN STREET. O'S WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 5711, AT 10 o'clock, at No. 404 Main street, will be sold, new and large invoices of the following goods: 100 doz, white

Linen Shirts: 175 doz. Suspenders: 250 pounds Patent Thread; 1,000 doz. Tose and half Hose; 150 pieces brown Cotton: 20 pieces bleached Sheeting; 150 doz. Linen and Cotton Handke chiefs, 50 p'cs super extra Irish Linen; Combs, Shea-s, Hooks and Eyes, Drawers, Neck Ties Dress Goods, Coths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Bed Ticking with a line of superior Notione. We never had a more desirable stock of goods to offer

at auction. We therefore invite all merchants to at

Terms cash, auf d2 L. KAHN & CO., BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

Regular Weekly Sale of WOOLEN, LINEN AND COTTON DRY GOODS, AND WATER-PROOF, VELVET AND TAPE3-TRY CARPET BAGS.

Also, by order of assignee, an invoice of FIGURED AND FANCY DRESS SILKS, RIBBONS CRAPES AND LACES, AT AUCTION. ON TUESDAY MORNING NEXT, AUGUST 4111, AT 10 o'clock, we will sell for cash, a variety of—

Cloths, Cassime-es and Satinets; 78 and 44 fine Bleached Mus'in; Denims, Velvets, Laces, Net Gloves, &c., With a splendid line of Gents' and Ladies' fine Traveling Bags.

mediately after, by o der of assignee, a stock of F gure I and Plain Dress Silks, Ribbons, Trimmings, Laces and Crape, Terms Cash-"Greenbacks." 8. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers. Auction Sales

BY T. ANDERSON & CO., ON TUISDAY AND WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 4TH

Of Dry Goods, Clothing, and Boots and Shoes.

ON TUESDAY, 4th August, at 10 A, M, 175 cases prime Boots and Shoes; 20 dozen fine Black and Colored Soft Hats, ON WEDNESDAY, 5th August, at 10 A. M., A s'ock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods: Invoices Cassimeres, Tweeds, Jeans, Satinets, &c Also several lots of Stock Goods. At 12 o'clock, an assortment of Boys' Clothing. Terms cash—bankable funds, su2 T. ANDERSON & CO., Auct opeers,

G. W. CHATFIELD. AUCTION & COMMISSION 781 Mainst., bet. Seventh and Eighth, s. s., Louisville HARRIS & CHATFIELD,

AUCTIONEERS. SOLICIT CONSIGNMENTS OF MERCHAND'SE New and Second hand Furniture for Public or Pri-vate Sale. Liberal cash advances made on consignments, Out-door Sales promptly attended to Out-door Sales promptly attended to. Refer t.)—Gardner & Co., Nock, Wicks & Co., Smith Walde, Wm. L. Weller, Webb & Levering, Louisville.

Auction and Commission Stable. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE JUST OPEN.
ed an Auction and Commission Stable, on
the north's de of Market, between Sixth and
Seventh streets, and respectfully solicit the
patronace of the public generally, and especially of
those who have Horsey, Miles, Wagons, or any other
description of property to sell. Liberal c.sh advances
made on property left with us for sale. We have enrazed the services of Mr. L. D. Hagerman, of Louisville,
Ky., a weil-known auctioneer. Try us.
fel3 d6m GASLIN & BRAWNER, Pro'trs.

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No. 142 Fourth Street,

Between Main and the River, LOUISVILLE, KY.

PHILIP FINK. J. C. FINK & BRO., DEALERS IN

STOVES, CASTINGS AND HOLLOWWARE, AND MANUFACTURERS OF COPPER, TIN AND Sheet-fron Ware, No. 126 Market street, between Brook and Fir t, vorth side, in the house formerly occupied by E. Merkly.

We would call atte tion to our large and well-selected stock of Stoves, House Furnishing Goods, and, in fact, everything it a: can be found in our line of business. The senior of the firm having for many years been in the house of Wallace, Lithgow & Co., and being a practical workman, we flatter ourselves that we are ab e to give satisfaction in regard to prices as well as workmanship.

Louisville and Nashville RAILROAD.

IT SHOULD BE UNDERSTOOD BY THOSE WHO have business transactio s with the Company, that the ad a inistration of the Board is divided into two departments. Mr. B. Marshel is the Sucerintendent of the Transportat on Department, and sitends to all maters relating to the movement of trains and the forwarding of treight and passengers, and Mr. Albe t Fink is the Superlatendent of the Machinery and Road Department, and is charged with the maintenance of the road, mach nery, rolling stock and mailve power and the completion and recons function of the road, ridges, etc. Both these officers are acting under the immediate direction of the President and Board of D rectors, jab diff.

C. COGGESHALL'S ELASTIC ROOFING. The best Material Now in Use. A LL PERSONS HAVING TIN, IRON, OR METAL ROOFS, will find it to their advantage to use COGGESHALL'S CEMENT STEAMBOAT and RAILROAD MEN will find it heir interest to call and examine our CANVAS ROOM Jefferson Street, between Fourth and Fifth, jelf d3m LOUISVILLE, KY,

THE NUMBER OF CLAIMS AGAINST THE GOV ernment of the United States, heretofore sent me for c-flection, which I have been forced to estart being so great and belie ving that my position will enable me to collect them at a much less exp use to the holder than the discounts to which they have heretofore been compelled to submit. I have now concluded to employ in my office a competent person to addit and collect all such claims as may hereafter be sent me. All Quarier, master's vouchers, Commissary's cer-fiscates Pay and Bunty due deceased sold ers, and claims of all kludt, will receive prompt attention.

Arrangeme ts will be made with Officers of the Govern cent to secure prompt and speedy payment of such e-n ment to secure prompt and speedy payment of suc

claims.

Knowing that I can thus benefit the citizens of my State. I respectfully request that all which lie evidence of debt of any kind a rainst the Government, will send them at once to my address for callection.

JAS. F. «OBINSON. Jr., jy 30 dlm Quartermaster General of Ky. To Contractors and Builders.

I HAVE A WELL IMPROVED FARM of the richest counties in Missouri, two miles from a depot on the Pacific Rairo d, whi h would exchange the whole or a part for the building o oze or more houses in this city, if wanted, on favorable terms. Address drawer 208, Postofico. Just Received.

300 BBLS CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR, GRAND View Mills;
100 bbls choice Family Flour, Novelty Mills, Rockport;
150 bbls choice Family Flour, Blue River Mills;
100 bbls extra Family Flour, Model Mills;
150 bbls extra Family Flour, U-ion Mill;
160 bbls extra Family Flour, Dale Mil s;
In store and for sale low by
1917

Who Wants a Home? A HANDSOMELY IMPROVED COUNTry seat, 1½ miles from the city, on the
Frankfort turnpike. Ever, variety of fruit
the place including one acre in graves, and the ame
strawberries Improvements brick, in the latest
ele of the building. For sale. Apply to
WM. G. GRAY,
un db\*

Corner Third and Jefferson streets.

Water Filters and Coolers. WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LOT OF CHEE NEY'S celebrated Water Coolers and Filters com-bined. Persons using river water will find them a most excellent article. Call and examine them. MUNN & CO., 217 Main street,

Carpenters' Tools, &c. BUILDERS' "ARDWARE, COOPERS' CARPEN most improved quality, for sale whole-ale - nd ret-il by my2l

A. McBRIDE, 22l Third street.

1500 BUSHELS PRIME RED WHEAT FCR Commission Merchants as d Dealers in Grain, 1917

No. 140 Wall or Fourth street.

Seamless Bags. 8 BALES TWO BUSHEL COTTON BAGS RECEIVED per Railroad and for sale by Main st., bet, Third and Forth.

NOTICE. HAVE SOLD MY DRUG STORE, CORNER OF D. merist ADOLPHUS SMITH, and cheerfully recommend him to my old customers and all oth rs who may have dealings with him.

1722 dim EDW. PREUSS.

EDW. PREUSS. Tin Fruit Cans.

Half Gallon and Quart Sizes and Sealing Wax for putting up, slways on hard and for sale at the lowest market prices by WM. PYNE, and dt 332 M in st. b-st. Third and Fourth.

LOUR100 bbls Efinburgh Extra White Wheat Flour; 40 bbls Macklin's do; do;
25 bbls choice D uble Extra do;
Received per Rejiroad and for sale by 1726
T, L JEFFERSON,

SCOTT, KEEN & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

MEN'S, YOUTHS' & BOYS' FINE CLOTHING

AND FURNISHING GOODS. Corner Sixth and Main Streets, Louisville, Ky.

HINZEN & ROSEN,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS.

NORTH SIDE MARKET STREET, BETWEEN SIXTH AND SEVENTH, LOUISVILLE, KY.

A LWAYS ON HAND A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF PIANOS AT REASONABLE PRICES,

AMUSEMENTS.



Will exhibit at LOUISVILLE, corper of East and Walnut streets, on Wednesday, Thurs day and Friday, August 5th, 6th and 7th, 1863. Doors open at 2 and 7 o'clock P. M.

REFITTED AND ORGANIZED FOR 163. The most Complete Traveling Estab-

lishment in America. A grant collection of LIVING WILD ANIMALS ion with a first-class

Equestrian & Gymnastic Company Sele.ted from the first artistes of America and Europe FIVE DASHING EQUESTRIENNES. peratic, Balict and Pantomime Troupe, engage w thout reg. rd to expense,
Two CLOWNS at each performance—HIRAM LAY
the quaint, quazical extempore vocalist, and P. H.
SEAMON, the Almanae, chronice and rural humorist,
An unequaled collection of Highly Trained Arabian
Horses, Educated Mules, Dancing Horses, and Pigmy
Traine Popies.



The Grand Procession

CORNET BAND. Madame Marie Robinson,

And her wonderful Darcing Horses, "TAMMA NY" and 'DON JUAN," trailed by Levi J North. Mad'lle Annie, The youthful P. ima Donna of the Arena.

Mad'lle Engene De Lorme, The only female that Enters the Den of the Wild Beasts in Europe or America. Mad'lle Isabelle,

La Fairie Kate. The Poetry of Motion Mr. J. Robinson,

Luke Rivers, The most accomplished Dramatic Scenic Rider in America.

Mr. John Rebinson,

For particulars see large Posters and Programmes, Ushers in attendance to seat Ladies and Children, 127 Admission 50 cents; Children and Servants 21 ents,

ODD-FELLOWS' HALL. On Jefferson, bet. First and Second sts., (Having been thoroughly overhauled and refitted), IS OPEN FOR Balls, Parties, Public Meetings, &c.

PUBLIC SALES.

Commissioner's Sale. John Maret, &c., In Equity.

D' VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE GARRARD Circuit Court, 1, the undersigned Cognissioner will sel at public sale, to the highest bidder, at the Warehouse of Huffman, Duncan & Co., in the city of Monday, August 18, 1863— 50 bbls of Whisky. on a credit of three months.

37 bbls of this Whisky is said to be 5 years old, and bls 4 years old. Samples of it may be seen by calling he store of D. B. Leight & Co., Main street, below Sixth 1231 dtd L. B. POICH. REMOVAL. **BOURLIER & COCHRAN** 

Have removed to their large New Store, their old stand.

WHERE, WITH INCREASED FACILITIES, THEY will continue to keep on hand a large stock of everything in their line, particularly

TID COPPER AND SHEET IRON WARE, Cooking and Heating Stoves, Plated and Britannia Ware, Housekeepers' Hardware, French & English Japanned, Enam. elled and Pressed Ware,

Refrigerators and Water Coolers, Which they offer at reasonable prices for cash Particular attention paid to ROOFING, SPOUTING GUTTERING, and all kness of outdoor work. BOUNLIER & COCHRAN, 215 Fifth st., (Cotton's Block), bet. Main & Market, jel7 o2m Louisville, Ky.

Now Ready,

'McClellan and the Union.' PRICE-TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

A liberal extra discount to Wholesale Also, NOW READY, the Third Edition of Alber

Fleming's beautiful ballad, "I KEEP IT STILL, THAT FADED FLOWER." WM McCARRELL, Publisher, 310 Jefferson st., Jouisville, Ky.

GEO. W. SMALL
HAS JUST RECEIVED ANOTHER LOT OF NEW Curtain Goods, and House Furnishings Generally.

These goods have been bought at very reduced prices, and will be sold very low FOR CASH ONLY. Call soon for bargains SOAP.-100 BOXES 25 BAR ROSIN SOAP IN STORE [1930] CARDNER & CO. A LLSPICE.—30 BAGS FOR SALE BY j. 22 EDW, WILDER, 514 Main stree



Family Sewing Machine.

WHY IT IS BEST. 1. It is more simple, durable, and less liable to de-ingement than others. 2. It sews from ordinary spools, and no rewinding of grad is necessarily and an expension of the second seco 6. Its seam, though cut at every sixth stitch, remains n, and neither runs or ravels in wear.

Its seam is more plump and beautiful, and retains plumpness and beauty after washing, better than in protect in any other washing, better that in my other 8 Its seams can be removed in altering garments, AFER PROPER INSTRUCTION, without picking or cuttin

hem.

9. Watching and varying the tension upon the threads
ccessary in other machines, is unnecessary in this,
he tension being once adjusted on the Grover & Paker
fachine, any amount of sewing may be done without nge. . It makes beautiful embroidery without any change 10. It makes beautiful embroidery without any change of arrangement, by simply inserting threads of suitable sizes and colors for this purpose. It is the only machine that both embroiders and sews perfectly.

Yhe Grover & Baker Machine has taken the First Presers, Ohio, Irdians, Illisois, Michigan, Iowa. Misscurif, Kentucky. Tennessee, Virsinia, North Carolina, Ata-awa, Califo mia, including every State Fair at which it has been exhibited in 1822, and at a great number of Agricultural and County Fairs,

For The work made upon the Grover & Baker Machine has received the First Premium at every Fair in the United States where it has been exhibited to this date.

GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO. furnish Machines of THE NEW ARMY CLOTHING MACHINE, No. has no equal for that work.

THEMMERS, BINDERS, CORDERS, BRAIDERS, UILTING GUAGES, TUCKERS, &c., of the latest GROVER & BAKER'S SEWING MACHINE COTTON

ng manulacturers,
GROVER & BAKER'S MACHINE TWIST, now
ecognized as the best in the market, furnished in any GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO., Fourth st., bet. Jefferson and Green. W. H. GOLDERMAN, Agen

STEAMBOATS.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE. For Evansville and Henderson. The fine steamer
STAR GREY EAGLE, Lusk. Master,

For freight or passage apply on board, or to and MOORHEAD & CO., Agents. For Nashville and Camberland River. ret., at 5 p. m. For freight or passage apply on board or to MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

For Cairo and St. Louis. The fine st-amer

J. R. GILMOJE, Gilmore. Master,
will leave as above on WEDNESDAY,
the 5th inst., a<sup>5</sup> 10 o'clock A. M., from city whorf.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
MOCRHEAD & CO., Agents.

The splendid steamer
JULIA, Captain McClov,
will leave as above THIS DAY, the 4th
inst, at 5 o'clock P M. from Portland wharf, presenting
unsurpassed accommodations.

insurpassed accommodations.

For ireight or passage apply on board, or to

CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Agents,
au4

143 and 145 Fourth street. For Paducah, Cairo and Memphis.

The fine passinger steamer CITY BELLE, W. G. Wharton, Master, will leave as above THIS DAY, the 4th inst., at 5 o clock P. M. from Portland, or to he 4th inst., at 5 o clock P. M. Irona roll, or to
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
aut
B. J. CAFFREY, Age. t, 187 Wall st.

MEMPHIS & LOUISVILLE U. S. MAIL LINE. REGULAR MONDAY PACKET.

THE NEW AND FAST PASSENGER STEAMER
LIBERTY No. 2 having been purchased expressly
or the trade, wil leave Louisvile for Memphis punctually every Mr. AY evening at 60 clock, from Portland
wharf, takin reight and passengers to all prin ipal
landings on the Ohio, an i permitable points on the Mississippi, to Memphis.

The State-rooms may be secured and freight engaged
in advade on application to

pp, to Memphis.

"State-rooms may be secured and freight engaged wadee on application to MOORHEAD & CO., or T. M. ERWIN, Agents, fourth street, bet, Main and River.

LOUISVILLE AND EVANSVILLE U. S. MAIL BOATS. Leave Daily (Sundays excepted) 5 P. M. For Owensboro', Evansville and Henderson,

and all intermediate Landings. The splendid passenger steamers
JOHN T. McCOMBS, Capt. A. BALLARD,
Leaves Mondays and Thursdays at 5 o'clock P. M.
BIG GLEY EAGLE, Capt. J. H. BUNCE,
Leaves Tuesdays and Fridays at 5 o'clock P. M.
STAB GREY EAGLE, Capt. J. HUTSINFILLER,
Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at 5 o'clock P. M.

Motice. All freight and passengers must be at the Portland wharf before 5 o'clock P. M., as the boats will not be delayed after that time under any circumstance. Letters, bills of lading, packages, &c., must be left with the Agents, on Fourth street, between Main and the river, before 3 o'clock P. M. del0 dtf.

J. H. BUNCE. Sup't.

STCHANGE OF TIME!" CINCINNATI & LOUISVILLE U. S. Mail Line Steamers. The Steamers of this
Line will leave for

THE GREATEST RALLYING SONG OF THE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

TELEGRAPHIC.

The Fire in Havana.

Heavy Losses by Rebel Sympathizers

Returns from Georgetown and

Lexington. The Vote in Paris, Maysville, Cov-

ington, &c.

Arrival of the Steamer Arabia.

News to the 25th of July.

Anti-Southern Aassociation Forming in Manchester.

Proceedings in House of Commons.

Interesting from France. Further from Charleston.

Bombardment of Sumpter and Cummings' Point Continues.

Scott's Raid Concluded.

Four Hundred Prisoners from His Command.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3. Advices from Havana to July 25 h state that everybody is talking about the great fire. pread is necessary.

3. It sews with equal facility all fabrics, the most delleverybody is talking about the great fire, ate, and the heavies, with all kinds of thread, silk, Sixteen large stores were entirely destroyed. otton, or linen.

4. I seem is so strong and elastic that it never breaks, ven on the blas

5. It fastens both ends of the seam by its own opera
With considerable exertion the railroad depot of the Guaravachoa railroad was saved, on the preservation of which depended the fate of fifteen more stores.

of litteen more stores.

The fire is supposed to have commenced in some cotton, six hundred and seventy-two bales of which were destroyed, belonging to secessionists and Englishmen. Large quantivies of goods, intended to be run through the Federal blockade, were also consumed. There were also burned large lots of harness, horseshoes, gin, saltpeter, niter, percussion caps, sulphur, &c. There were also consumed 6,301 boxes of sugar, valued at \$1,234 216 The total loss is estimated at \$1,118,163, but this is decidedly under estimated. General Demarina proposed to batter down the stores by broadsides from a frigate, hoping thus to put out the fire by means of the tumbling rubbish showered upon it, and thus save a portion of the contents; but Ger.
Dulec would not permit it.
The French transport Milan was the first to

done two hours after the warehouses were on NEW YORK, August 3. The steamer Arabia has arrived from Liver-cool with dates to the 25.h.

The Marine Insurance Companies had reried the loss of £150,000 by the capture of

end assistance, and their example was fol-

owed by Spanish men-of-war, but this was

the ship B. F. Hoxie.

An anti-Southern association was being formed at Manchester to counteract the influence and correct the misrepresentations of the slaveholders' Confederacy, and to employ all means against the recognition of the Conderate States. The Army and Navy Gazette thinks that

with the grand army to co-operate with Rose-erans, there is no ground for speaking hore-fully of the prospects of the Confederacy, uness Lee is able to reverse their misfortunes y a great victory.
In the House of Commons on the 23J, the

subject of the foreign enlistment act was introduced by Mr. Cobden, who referred to the procedings of the Alabama, Florida and Virginia—all built in British ports for the elad ships were now being built at Liverpoo au t would be a declaration of war on the par of the American government. American shipping lai almost become valueless in con-sequence of the scizures made by the Confed

ment to take steps to prevent the departure He was informed that the American Government took note of the value of every vessel captured, debi ed it to her Majesty's Government. He was further informed that the American minister had made a formal claim upon Englani to indemnify American ship owners for the r loss. No doubt the claim was repudiated by her Majegty's Government. Out of disputed claims of this nature an ex-pensive and disastrous war might result. Mr. Laird, referring more particularly to the case of the Alabama, said everything had been done in broad daylight. He taunted C bden with the pursuing a course which it wou'd enable his friends in the North to get all they waned, and would put a stop n Eng land to a legit mate branch of industry.

He accused the Americans of having built ships of war for Russia during the Crimean war, and wi h raising recruits in Ireland since the outbreak of the present Confed-Lord Palmeraton defended the course which the government had taken, and said he could see no distinction in principle between se ling arms to the Federals and selling ships

to the Confiderates. He sppcal d to the principles haid down on the subject by the Americans themselves. Americans themselves.

It was of course true that England had a municipal law bearing on the question, but the government had carried out that law to the best of their ability; and that law, which they saw no reason to alter to suit the emer-gencies of a foreign power, they would con-tinue to enforce as far as it was possible for

Mr. Cobden was prevented, on a point of order, faom reading a letter from Gideon Welles in Parliament, but the letter was neverthe ess pu lished in the papers. It is dated the 19th of April last and is addressed to Charles Sumners, and refers to Mr. Laird's statement in Parliament that his form had been approached in 1861 by the agents of the Federal government in relation to the build-

Federal government in relation to the building of war vessels for the North.

Mr. Welles asserts that, neither directly nor indirectly, was any application made by his authority to Mr Laird, or any other foreign ship builder, for the construction of vessels for the American Government. Advances were made to him, however, in behalf of numerous English and other foreign ship builders, but he declined, in every instance, any proposition to build, or procure to be built, vessels for the Federal Navy abroad. Mr. Laird asserts that he is prepared to mintain the truth of his former statement, and offered to place the proof in Lord Palmer-

offered to place the proof in Lord Palmer-ston's hand. Paris papers continue to evince a strong war feeling.

LEAVENWORTH, July 20.

Capt. Harvey, at Westport, on learning that Capt. Harvey, at Westport, on learning that it was the intention of the guerrillas to attack a large train which left Kansas City for San'a Fe in the latter part of July, started in pursuit with one company of Kansas volunteers. He overtook the train, and on finding that it had been robbed, started forward after the robters. He soon came upon Captain Coleman, with a company of the Seventh Kans s, who had come from Santa Fe to meet the train. Each supposing he had found the enemy, Coleman drew up his men in line of bat le and ordered a charge, when a severe fight ensued, in which many were killed and rounded before the mistake was discovered.

WASHINGTON, August 3. According to the circular of Provost Mar-shal General Fry, whenever any drafted men shall show the Board of Enrollment, of the district in which he may have been enrolled, that he was improperly enrolled, having been when enrolled, an alien, a non-resident of the district, or in the service on the 3d of March, 1863, he shall be discharged by the Board, and his place be supplied. The quota shall not be filled from the fifty per cent, drawn in addition to the quota to supply vacancies created dition to the quota to supply vacancies created by exemptions, arising under the second sec-tion of the Enrollment Act. WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.

The following order was issued to-day from the Adjutant General's office The exigencies under which 100,000 militia for six months service, from the State of Maryland, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Western Virginia, were called out by the President's proclamation of June 15, 1863, having passed, it is hereby ordered by the President that, on and after the promulgation of this order, no more enlistments under the said call shall

By order of the Secretary of War. E. D. TOWNSEND, A. A. G. Paymasters leave to morrow to pay the army of the Potomac up to July 1st. CINCINNATI, August 3.

The Commercial's Lexington dispatch says that Saunders everhauled the rebels five miles borth of Somerset on Saturday, and captured Colonels Ashley and Ackelson, and one hundred and eigty-one men.

Col. Basil Duke and 52 other officers have been removed from Johnson's Island and confined in the Columbus penitentiary with Morgan.

LEXINGTON, August 3. The election passed off quietly. At Georgetown the vote stood—Wickliffe, 335; Bramlette, 349; Clay, 303. Lexington—Bramlette, 499; Wickliffe, 109. Clay beats Buckner everywhere; his majority here is 421. It is considered a general Union victory. The city is lively to-night over the result.

COVINGTON, August 3. The following is the vote here: Bramlette, 1318; Wickliffe, 50. Corgress—Smith, 1331; Menses, 55; Luthers, 29.
The Union majority in the State will be about tw-my thousand. Brutus Clay is certainly elected in the Ashland district.

Paris, Ky., Aug. 3. The following is the official vote of Paris: For Governor—Bramlette (Union), 296; Wick-liffe (Dem.), 21. For Congress—Clay (Union), 306; Buckner (Dem ), 22; Boyle, 1. The other Union candidates have a proportionate vote. MAYSVILLE, Aug. 3.

Governor—Bramlette (Union) 353, Wick-liffe (Democrat) 3. Congress—Walsworth (Union) 312, Brown (Democrat) 21. Repre-sentative—Taylor and Lutterill 314, Gaggin LEXINGTON, August 3 For Governor-B amlette 618, Wickliffe 107. Congress— lay 683, Buckuer 161, Boyle 12.

Butler County.—For Governor—Bramlette

60, Wiekliffe 24. Congress-Smith 59, Men-GLASGOW, Ky, Aug. 3.
The vote in this place was, for Bramette 268, Wickliffe 88. The balance of the Union ticket is about the same. The county is suppose to have given a Union majority.

GEORGETOWN, August 3. The following vote was cast here: For Governor—Bramlette, 349; Wickliffe, 355. Congress—Clay, 305; Buckner, 299; Boyle, 13. NICHOLASVILLE, August 3. The following vote was cast here: For Governor—Bramlette, 152; Wickliffe, 2. Congress—Clay, 127; Backner, 19; Boyle, 16.

For Governor-Bramlette 135, Wickliffe 87. Congress-Menzes 174, Smith 100, Leathers 2. WASHINGTON, August 3. The first squad of drafted men was sent for-

CYNTHIANA, July 3.

ward to the army to day.

Gen. Logan is to be assigned to the command of the Sixteenth army corps. PITTSBURG, Aug. 3.

five feet eight inches by the pier mark and rising Weather showry and warm. General Hospitals in Louisville.

No. 1—Corner of Ninth and Broadway streets— progeon in charge, A. T. C. Worthington; Assistnts, B. F. Grant and F. Rectanus; Steward, A.

Brewer, T. H. Cochran, W. O. Alten, and R. Aastelbine, Steward, J. T. Metcaife.

No. 5—For eruptive diseases, Bardstown turnpike—Surgeon in charge, J. W. Baggott; Steward, W. E. Dittemore.

No. 6—Green street, between Fifth and Center—Surgeon in charge, J. W. Pillsbury; Assistant, T. T. O'Callahan; Steward, C. McGinnis.

No. 7—On a hill east of Park Barracks—Surgeon in charge, W. W. Goldsmith, Assistants, F. C. Leber, J. Jaume, M. Mengis, M. S. Reid, J. B. Burns, G. W. Roberts, C. E. Sanborn, G. W. Haymaker, Z. Carlisle, J. A. Larabee, and A. C. Rankin; Steward, G. W. Donaldsott,
No. 8.—Fifth street, between Broadway and York—Surgeon in charge, J. A. Octulony; Assist-

No. 8.—Fifth street, between Broadway and York—Surgeon in charge, J. A. Octulony, Assistant, J. Bradley; Steward, S. A. Dow.
No. 9—Corner of Market and Wenzel streets—Surgeon in charge, F. Meacham; Assistant, D. W. Flora; Steward, C. N. Corliss.
No. 10—Wannut street, between Jackson and Hancock—Surgeon in charge, E. C. Brown; Assistant, R. A. Bell; Steward, W. B. Banks.
No. 11—Corner of Chestnut and Floyd, and City Hospital—Surgeon in charge, W. W. Strew, Assistant—

No. 12—Corner Magazine and Ninth streets—Sur geon in charge, R. L. Stanford; Assistants, J. S. Logan and T. J. Griffiths; Steward, J. Fisher.
No. 13—Corner of Green and Thirteenth streets—Surgeon in charge, T. C. Mercer; Assistant, J. Hardin; Steward, J. A. Post.
No. 14—Corner of Brook and Broadway streets (for officers)—Surgeon in charge, J. A. Brady.
No. 15—Griffin House, Newburg pike—Surgeon in charge, W. A. Gordon; Assistant, J. Schweitzer; Steward, D. S. Weaver.
No. 16—Watham's stores, Jeffersonville, Ind., op-

No. 16—Watham's stores, Jeffersonville, Ind., opposite the R. R. depot—Surgeon in charge, W. F. Collum; Assistant, W. H. Goodwin; Steward, G. W. Booth.

Booth.

No. 18—Turner's Hall, Jefferson street—Surgeon in charge, J. Gardner; Assistan, B. A. Galbraith; Steward, T. F. Leach.

No. 19—Johnson House, between the Bardstown Mond Newburg Turnpikes—Surgeon in charge, Geo. Keifer; Steward, J. V. Kenagg.

No. 29—Newburg road, three miles out—Surgeon in charge, N. R. Morris; Steward, A. L. De La Vergue. No. 21-On Marshall, between Campl No. 21—On Marshall, between Campbell and Wenzel streets—Surgeon in charge, S. Hudson; Steward, J. A. Morrison.
Post Chaplain—Rev. Wm. Holman, Brook street, between Jefferson and Market.
Hospital Chaplain—Rev. W. W. Meech, Sixth street, between Green and Walnut.
Hospital Chaplain—Rev. Lemeul G. Olmstead, 702 Chestnut street.
Hospital Chaplain—Rev. Thos. G. Carver, First. 702 Chestnut street.
Hospital Chaplain—Rev. Thos. G. Carver, First street, between Chestnut and Gray.
Hospital Chaplain—Rev. Wm. L. Mather, First street, between Chestnut and Gray.

The Sistenares of this was continued to evince a strong was feeling.

The Sistenare of this continue to evince a strong was feeling.

The Sistenare of the Sist

RIVER MATTERS.

STEAMBOAT AGENTS. Moorhead & Co., No. 116, Wall street.
T. M. Erwin No. 139, Wall street.
B. J. Caffrey No. 137. Wall street.
Cropper, Pation & Co., No. 143 Wall street.
N. S. Long, No. 129 Wall street.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE. ARRIVALS. Gen'l Buell, from Cincinnati. Lake Erie No. 2, from Pomeroy Star Gray Eagle, from Henderse

DEPARTURES.

Gen'l Buel, to Cincinnati. The Undine, Capt. Conway, has been for someime repairing, painting, and refitting at Madison, nd will make her appearance here next Monday, and will make her appearance here next Monday,
August 16th, to resume her trips in her old trade,
Louisville, Madison, and Carrellton, leaving here
Pittsburg 96%, Galena and Chicago, 101%. every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 12 M. Her officers are clever and obliging, and have always given general satisfaction to passengers and culation \$74,746; decrease in deposits \$2,960,463. shippers.

The river was still slowly rising last night, with

four feet one inch water in the cannal. The water has commenced falling in Cincinnati, but is rising in Pittsburg. Weather excessively hot. The Lake Erie No. 2 came in from Pomero with five barges of salt. She brought as far as Madson one barge of coal, destined for this place, but higher; American quoted at 21@25. Wheat tending up-

it was seized at that point by the military author-FOR CINCINNATI .- The Major Anderson is the nailboat at noon.

HENDERSON .- The Star Gray Eagle is the regu ar Tuesday packet, leaving at 5 P. M. MEMPHIS .- The fine steamer City Belle, Wharton master, is now regularly in the trade. She arrived Provisions firmer. American s at a late hour last night, and will leave again this fternoon at 5 o'clock The fine steamer Julia will leave for St. Louis nd all way landings this afternoon, at 5 o'clock,

om Portland wharf. The steamer M. V. Gillum leaves for Nashville at 5 o'clock this afternoon from the city wharf. The New Albany Ledger of last evening has the

Capt, Mark Anthony has taken command of the steamer Gillum of the Archer line. He is an ac-complished officer, and as a business man has few superiors. Under his charge the Gillum will have The Cincinnati Enquirer of yesterday has the llowing:

A new steamer named Clermont, appeared at our wharf yesterday morning from Richmond. She is a neat little craft, and will run between Cincinnati and Nashville as a regular packet.

The steamers Glide and Caroline took on a large lot of mules, yesterday, belonging to the Government. They are to be sent to Nashville.

The Irgomar, for Pomeroy, departed in the evening, loading exclusively with Government stores.

The popular steamer France McBurnle, got on last evening for Marietta, with a fine freight and a large number of passengers.

The St. Patrick has been released from Government service, She will probably make a trip to some point above the coming week.

The Monsoon and Starlight, from Louisville, brought up a large lot of "invalid" horses. They were sent to Camp Gurley,

The steamer Melnotte will be ready for service in about ten days. Captain Frank Davidson will take charge of ner when she comes out. The Pittsburg Dispatch says:

The river was receding slowly last evening with three fect seven inches water in the channel by the etal marks. The weather yesterday was cloudy and warm. ith indications of more rain. There is a reported se in the Alleghany river at Oil City, and also in e Cheat river, which emptics into the Monon-

anaia. Business at the wharf yesterday was confined to be steamer Oil City, which left for Wheeling, and be U. S. Gen. Grant, loading for St. Louis and the pper Mississippi. At the Alleghany wharf yesterday, the keels were loaded wit a prospect of meeting a good freshet.

The flags of all the steamers in port were at half-mast yesterday in respect to Captain Joseph Smith, who died at the residence of his nephew Andrew B. Smith, Park's Hill, First Ward, Alle theny, at half past two o'clock on Friday morning His funeral will take place on Sunday, at 2 o'clock

His funeral will take place on Sunday, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

The deceased was a veteran steamboatman, and made hosts of friends during his career, which commenced as early as 1826. He severally had charge of the steamers Reserve, Harrisburg, Allaquippa and Nominee, and afterward purchased the Lake Erie, the pioneer coal tug, which he ran from this port to Cincinnati and Louisville. Capt. Smith was the originator of the project of towing coal to the lower cities.

The Wheeling Intelligencer says: The Wheeling Intelligeneer says: The river is falling. Beyond this announcement, we have nothing in coancetion with the river to make known. Business is very dull and carcely any boats are now running.

FINANCE AND TRADE

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT. Monday Evening, August 3d, 1863. For particulars of currency matters see specie and bank note list.

and buying sparingly. Corn from store and wagons 70@ 75c; retail 80@85c; about the price of Wheat. Barley W. Gordon.
No. 2-Pelson Hospital, corner of Tenth and Broadway-Surgeon in charge, B. Banum; Assistants, J. Gregg and Dr Oakly; Steward, P. D. Miller, No. 3-Sixth treet, between Walnut and Chestants-Surgeon in charge, T. W. Colescott; Assistants, J. A. Dougherty and C. A. Fisher; Steward, W. R. Links. Sales Golden Sirup in bbls at 70@17c.
Corroxs, &c-Brown Sheetin's 55c. Yarns we quote

at 40, 41 and 42c for the various numbers. Cotton Twine at 70c. Candlewick \$1 per lb. Eggs-Per dozen 10@12c. FEATHERS-Command 42@43c BUTTER-Sales at 12@17c, and very dull; fresh roll re-BEANS-Sales prime white at \$2 75@3 25, as in quality

CHEESE-Light sales of new at 10@10%c. HAMS-Bulk 61/4c; smoked 81/4c; plain and canvased n 9¼@11½c. HAY-We quote baled Timothy at \$21@22; sales from wagon at \$14@18, as in quality. LINSEED OIL-Sales at oil mill at \$1 05.

FLAX SEED-New has commenced coming in and se at the off mill at \$1 25 per bushel. LARD-Light sales at 9@9%c. MANILLA ROPE—We quote at 18c.

MACKEREL—In kit's, No. 1 \$2 50; No. 2 \$2 00. WOOL-Washed 40@50c; in grease 35@40c. Potators-Small sales new at \$250@3 per bbl. TOBACCO—Sales to day 40 hhds, as follows: 1 at \$5; 6 at \$6; 5 at \$7; 3 at \$8; 5 at \$9; 6 at \$10; 1 at \$11; 2 at \$12;

2 at \$13; 3 at \$14; 2 at \$15, 2 at \$17; 1 at \$19, and 1 at \$20 per 100 pounds.

SPECIE AND BANK NOTE LIST.

Treasury Notes and Ohio money.

UNCURRENT FUNDS

'linters' .....

article, says:

The Cincinnati Gazette, of yesterday, in its Mon

article, says:

There is plenty of money, but very little demand for it. Lenders desire to have it known that there are willing to take goon paper at 5 per cent, yet the paper is offered we y sparingly. It is very plain that it money were offered at 4 per cent, the demand, if increased at all, above the current average, would not be equal to the supply of capital.

With the opening of the falt rade there will, of course, be a bitter supply of paper, but even then there must be a continued abundant supply of cheap money; and merchants and manufacturers who shall have good securities to offer, may safely calculate upon getting all the money that may be needed at 5 per cent. Two of the National Banks are now in operation—the First and Third—snot there is almost ready to commence operations. The combined capital of these banks is 41,350,000, arr amount equal to the entire private canking capital of Taird street, exclusive of the Valley Bank but including the Comuercial Bank. Thus the banking capital of the street is almost combled. The National Banks are restricted to 6 per cent, interest by the law under which they are organized. If they charpe a higher rate they forfeit the entire debt. They are allowed to buy and sell signt exchange and time bills at current rate; but by a very stringent provision of the law, bills coming under this head must be drawn against actually existing voluce. In other words "Kites" boug t at a higher rate than 6 per cent, will render the entire debt liable to forfeiture. This law cannot be evaded, as the State banks have evaded the provisions of their charters.

TELEGRAPH MARKETS.

407 Main Street,

F. H. GIBSON, Corner of Fourth and Broadway,

F. FABEL. F. FABEL & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF

A LSO, OXIDE, OLIVE, GERMAN, PALM, AND FAMILY SOAPS, LARD OIL, Etc., No. 145 east side Third street, between Main and Water, Louisville, Ky.

Having entirely new machinery, with the latest improvements, a long experience and practice will enable us to turn out as good articles, and sell them at as reasonable prices as any house in the West.

Orders solicited and promptly filled at the shortment

FULL ASSORTMENT OF—
Embroidered Edgings and Insertings:
F ench Worked Collars and Sets;
Black Crepe Collars;
Embroidered Handker-hiefs;
Valence Laces and Edgings;
Black Guip Laces;
Fluting Scissors and Irons.

ALSO—

1,000 Embroidered Skirts at \$1 50 to \$2:
500 doz all-linen Handk'fs at \$1 35 per doz;
200 doz hem-stitched do at \$3 00 do;
received and for eale for cash only, at

CHARLES F. RAUCHFUSS' FLOUR, FLOUR.

DEALER IN FINE GROCERIES, TEAS, WINES, BRANDIES, &C, No. 305 Fourth street, between Market and Jefferson, LCUISVILLE, KY.

18 active at 6006fc in bulk. Oats are in good request at 62068c in bulk. Rye is steady at 71½c. Barley remains nominal. Whisky is firm at 43c. Nothing transpired in Provisions. Mess Pork is held at 4) 50010 for old, and 411 50012 50 for new. Bulk shoulders 4½c, sides 4½05c.

18 lroad stocks and bonds for which there is an active LIVERPOOL, July 25-P. M. Cotton-Sales to-day 1,000 bales; closed buoyant and %d higher than on Friday. Breadstuffs have an upward tendency, except for foreign, which is steady. Provisions steady. Produce generally advancing. LONDON, July 25-P. M.
Consols for money 92%@92%. Illinois Central shares 26@27. E le 63%@64%.

LEXINGTON, August 1.

little demand for export and home use at \$4 90@5 10 for

extra State, \$5 30@5 50 for extra round hoop Ohio, \$5 55

@7 for trade brands, market closing dull. Whisky dult and heavy at 44%@45c. The export demand for Wheat

at \$1@1 04 for Chicago spring, \$1 16@1 17 for Milwaukee

club, the latter price for very choice, \$1 18@1 25 winter

red western. Corn favors buyers at 66@66%c for ship

ping mixel western, nearly all at the inside price. Oats heavy and lower at 64@69c for western. Wool quiet and

without deeld d change. Pork dull and unchanged

Bacon sides dull and unchanged. Lard opened dull and

a shade lower, closing without material change; triff ng ales at 9%@10c.

Money easy at 5@6 per cent. Sterling Exchange is a

little easier at 140%@141. Gold irregular and unsettled, opening at 27%, advancing to 27%, declining to 27, and

closing firm at 28. Government ctocks firm; U. S 6's of 81, coupons, 106%107; 730's 166%; 1 year Certificates

The weekly Bank statement shows-increase in loans

FOREIGN MARKETS.

PER STEAMSHIP ARABIA.

Cotton—The Brokers' e reu'ar reports sales of the week 52,000 bales; market buoyant and prices are %@ld

higher for American; market closed on Friday with an upward tendency. Bread tuffs firmer. Wakefield, Nash

& Co. and athers report Flour firmer and prices are 6d

ward and holders demanding an advance; white western

and southern 10@111/s. Corn steady; mixed 27s. Pro

visions-Beef active and 2@5d higher. Pork steady.

Bacon buoyant and 6d@1s higher. Lard steady at 36@ 18s. Sugar steady. Coffee dull and unchanged.

firmer. Coffee still advancing and 6d higher. Tea steady

The War in Kentucky.

[Special Dispatch to the Cincinnati Gazette.]

LIVERPOOL, July 25.

LONDON, July 25.

lerate and market rules in favor of buyers

We have heard nothing from Saunders today. One hundred prisoners were brought in last night and two hundred and sixty to-day. They were a ragged and motley crew. The Forty-fourth and Forty fifth Ohio are scouring the mountain roads, capturing prisoners and gathering mules and horses. The rebels have abandoned all their plun-der, and will go out with less than they came in. They destroyed only ten empty wagons in. They destroyed only ten empty wagons at Stanford, and were in such haste that they evening for Marietta, with a fine freight and a number of passengers.

e St. Patrick has been released from Governing terrick has been released from Governing and the first has brother than the form the form of the forty fourth were not motivated, but two of the Twenty-third Ky. were captured. The prisoners assert that Gen. Scott was killed. Ashby is said to be captured; they probably mean Gillespie, the Lieut. Col. of Ashby's cavalry. Cols. Worley and Sig-fried are still after the rebels. Among the

> The election to morrow absorbs all the interest. Boyle is vigorously electioneering for the copperhead ticket to the infinite disgust and indignation of all loyal people, who won-der how long such things will be permitted.

> > TO THE LADIES.

GET A BOTTLE OF PEARL DROPS,

Special attention paid to orders from Ladies.
Price 50 cents per bottle.
MOZAICH HALL DRUG STORE,
MOZAICH HALL DRUG STORE,
jyl4
IF, HARMAN, Froprietor. jy14

BANKERS 517 MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

R ECEIVE DEPOSITS, BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE, Bullion, Uncurrent Money, Vouchers, &c., &c. FOR SALE.

extra brands at \$5@5 59, and nominal. New Wheat at \$0@500 forfred and white. Most of the mills are idle and buying sparingly. Corn from the control of the c A Good Novel.

THE HISTORY OF THE SUPERNATURAL; by Wm. Howit: 2 vols., 12 mo. -43 00. JOHN P. MORTON & CO.

FREDERICK HOUSE. P. N. FREDERICK, Proprietor. Brook Street, BETWEEN MARKET & JEFFERSON LOUISVILLE, MY.

STURGEON & CLEMENTS,

Between Fourth and Fifth streets, up stairs, LOUISVILLE, KY. DUY AND SELL GOLD SILVER AND DEMAND Notes. We also buy Georgia, Alabama, South Carolina, Lusiana and Tennessee Bank Notes, We pay the highest market rive for Kentucky and State Bank of Indiana Money. We self Money on commission at low rates. We respectfully solicit public patronage. STURGEON & CLEMENTS.

192 dlm 407 Main street.

LOUISVILLE, KY. PURE AND FRISH MEDICINES, CHEMICALS and Drugs, choice Toilet and Fancy Articles, fine Liquors and Wines for Medicinal purposes, extra fine Cigars, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, superior Extracts for Handkerchiefs, Colognes, Soaps, Stationery Family Articles, &c.

STAR AND PRESSED MOLD CANDLES!

JUST RECEIVED.

CORN AND PEARL STARCH.-

steady at 1/2 prem.

Baltimore, August 3-P. M.
Flour dull; sales 600 bbls extra Ohio at \$6. Wheat 10c
lower; sales 10,000 bush white at \$1,500 l. 85. and red at
1 2501 40. Corn declined: white at \$50.85c, yellow 87c.
Oats dull and lower at 650.67c. Whisky 46c.

NEW YORK, August 3-P. M.

Cotton firmer and more active at 640.651%c for mid

Cotton firmer and more active at 640.651%c for mid

R. A. ROBINSON & CO.
515 Main street

prisoners are 30 officers. Our captures

One of the greatest beau ifiers of the complexion ex-tant. Two colors always on hand— Rose Pink and Clear White.

HENRY A. HUGHAS, Late of Sut-liffe & Hughes, Louisville, Ky. | CHAS. E. ROBINS, Late Cash'r Franklin Bank, Zanesville, Ohio. HUGHES & ROBINS,

One thousand acres fine lands in Carroll co

Money Brokers,

Broadway Drug Store,

Provisions. Mess Pork is held at 3) 50@10 for old, and \$11 50@12 50 for new. Bulk shoulders 4%c, sides 4%@5c.
Bacon 5%@6c. Lard 9%@9%c. Groceries unchanged and quiet. Gold 126@127. Silver 115@120. Exchange to do Vermacilli:

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Fresh ground superfine Flour was in demand at \$4.25; best old is freely offered at this rate; extra is quoted at \$4.50@4.25; best fresh ground fam'ly and trade brands at \$5@5.25. Wheat was quiet for Kentucky white. Corn

NEW NOVEL BY HON. MRS. NORTON.—Lost and aved; 1 vol., 12 mo.—\$1 50.

JOHN P. MORTON & CO.

### AGRICULTURAL.

Boy and Girls on the Farm. We clip the following article from a late Jefferson County Farm for Sale.

We clip the following article from a late number of the Journal of Agriculture. We hope it may reach many a farm house and the suggestions thrown out grappled by our intelligent farmers:

Many are the sheets of nice white paper blotted all over for the benefit of the horse, the cow, the sheep and the kog, yet scarcely a mention is made of the farmer's boys and girls—the stock from which is to be made the smart men and the smart women of the future. So much are many farmers engrossed in their ou'-of-door plans, that the little ones are often neg'ected, or are only remembered when their scrvices are needed in the field. Many a poor boy is a drudge and a slave and is drilled in the field until he utterly hates every farm employment. Many a daughter is forced to labor in the kitchen to help an invalid motheron with her work, till she loathes the sight of the broom and the dustran. With them both, life is a traadmill. The song of to-day is fer the whole year. Nothing newnothing interesting; except, play, and that they get but little of when at bome.

The muscles of the girl are developed in sweeping, washing, and sometimes in romp-

they get but little of when at home.

The muscles of the girl are developed in sweeping, washing, and sometimes in romping. Those of the bey in chopping, mowing, hoeing, and sometimes in skating. While the boys' and girls' bodies are kept in the traces and in strict discipline by labor every day, the mind is at liberty—playing truant—running wild—turned out to pasture with the fences all down. The boy is bidden to hoe the corn that is to feed the pigs—weed the carrots that are intended for the colts, and to harvest the turning that are to fatten the lambs; yet not a are intended for the colts, and to harvest the turnips that are to fatten the lambs; yet not a colt, nor a pig, nor even a lamb, is called h's. Not a paper containing the picture of a horse or sheep, is taken in the family, so that the poor boy cannot get even a pic ure to call his own. The daughter must scour and clean, and sweep and mop, make and mend, and not an effort is made to improve her mind, except to send her to the district school, and to a teacher, who is just as well fitted for her place as the colored wood-sawyer is for a carpenter.

many parents appear to think that they are doing much for the mental improvement of their children, by sending them to the district school from two to four months in the year. They can train the hand to labor, for this helps to feed and clothe the family; but the head is left to be managed by strangers, in the school rooms. No wonder the boy leaves the old home for employments more exciting. No old home for employments more exciting. No wonder the daughter deserts the old kitchen for a place in the jolly tailor's shop. The father and mother are soon left alone, to help each other, instead of being helped by their children. This is all their own fault. They drilled them till they hated home labors. Their muscles were overtasked, and their minds left to starve. What may the remedy be? is the question now asked. If parents wish to keep their children about them, they must educate the mind and heart as well as must educate the mind and heart as well as

the hand.
One of the most important matters is to One of the most important matters is to give the chi'dren good reading matter. A reading boy or girl will get along in after life better than one who does not read. But, says one, "My children never read—they never take up the paper and read—they would rather be out at play." But what is the paper referred to? A political paper, most likely. It is full of abuse and blackguardism, or long speeches. What are they to them? The child needs a child's paper, in order to be interested. Give it a little suitable food every week or every month, in the form of a little magazine. The little mind craves food, as does the little stomach.

The importance of getting children in the

The importance of getting children in the habit of reading is too little appreciated at the present time; especially it is so among farmers. The reading child will be a reading farmers. The reading child will be a reading man or woman. The reading man or woman will have advantages over those who do not read. They will make a better appearance in life, and will get a living easier. Intelligence is power. The reading farmer is the one who wins. Let him not forget his children, and leave them to chance about their habits of reading, and their information. Take as much pains to guide the minds of the children as you do your team of steers, and it will make men and women of them. Save the dollar spent for tobacco, that goes to feed an artificial appetite, and give it to feed the mind of the child. Or let the bey earn his dollar by dong jobs, and pay for his magazine himself. He will feel more manly for it. If it be a daugater that should have the reading, every good father will give the reading, every good father will give her the dollar at enc.

[Special Dispatch to the daily Morning Chronicle.] Hamburg, Europe, July 15.—The second day of the great exhibition has just closed. It was the largest show of stock of modern times, four thousand entries being made. Mr. Campbell, of Vermont, takes three premiums on his sheep, two of the first class. There were seventeen hundred entries of

sheep.
McCormick thrashes all the nations and walks off with the golden medal. Our glorious flag and coat of arms is seen all about us, sucrounded by a loyal people.

More than fifty thousand people are inside of the grounds to-day. Forty thousand thalers

were taken at the gates yesterday.

May our glorious army be as successful in
thrashing the rebels as Campbell, McCormick and other Americans are in competing with the natio s here assembled.

I regret that our people have taken so little interest in this exhibition. Never, never was there such an opening for American skill and industry. We have not a thousand articles

industry. We have not a thousan on exhibition, and but one of stock. Joseph A. Wright. United States Commissioner.

A DIMINUTIVE BREED OF CATTLE .- In the report of the Secretary of the Massachusetts State Board of Agriculture for 1862, Mr. Flind gives the following description of the cows of Brittany, a province in the north of France, as observed by him at the International Exhibi-tion in London, last summer. "The little Bretaine cows pleased me exceedingly. Standing only about three feet high on their

doubtfal.

The Leans of the Government, maturing in 1881, are now selling at six per cent, premium. These would at vance to live 15 per cent, premium, if he Secretary of the Treasary should discontinue the sales of the 520% and the 5-20% stemesleves would as on command a hand some premium should the demand for Government Loans, as the basis for banking or for investment, he at all active. It is possible that the Secretary of the Treasury may review Subscriptions to the 5-20 Loan for a longer period—should there by any delay in the prepart action of the not s for the supplying of the Treasury with funds, or should he, in view of the monifest benefits the country from the prepart popular mode of distributing the Loans of the Nation among the PEOPLE—or to the courage the formation of the New Banks—decide it to be wise and judiclous to further extend the time of subscriptions to the 5-20 s at par. His views and intentions on the subject, of course, are unknown; therefore, the safect and wise course is to subscribe at once willist a six per cent Bond, with the interest and principal psyable in GOLD, can be had at par. It will afford me pleasure to furnish full information regard to the formation of the National Banks, and the necessary steps to be taken. If nide documents relative thereto will be furnished, at Washington, on application to Hon, Hugh McCullough, Comptroller of the Treasury, or by the undersigned. JAY COOKE,
Subscription Agent for 5-20 Loan, 1925 d&witt 148 out Third street, Philadelphia. legs—he most fashionable hight, most black and white, now and then, but rarely, a red and white; they are as docile as kittens, and and white; they are as docile as kittens, and look pretty enough to become the kitchen pet of the hard-pressed mountain or hillside farmer, with pastures too short for a grosser animal. Ten pounds of hay will suffice for their limited wants for twenty-four hours, and they would evidently fill a seven-quart pail as quick and as long as any other cow. These pretty cows will often hold out in milk, so the herdsman said, from fifteen to eighteen months after calving, and often begin with the first calf with six or seven quarts a day. The horn is fine, not unlike the Jerseys, but smaller and tapering off gradually, and the eschuteen or milk-marks of Guenon generally very good. Goods cows are held from sixty to seventy dollars a head—a fancy price, of course, but I am not sure they would not pay six per cent. on the investment, as well as most fancy stocks."

CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Well as most fancy stocks."

Wool.—The history of the growth of wool is very curious. Fifty years ago not a pound of fine wool was raised in the United States, in Great Britain, or in any other country except Spain. In the latter country the flocks were owned exclusively by the nobility or by the crown. In 1794 a small flock was sent to the Elector of Saxony as a present from the King of Spain, whence the entire product of Saxony wool, now of such immense value. In 1809, during the second invasion of Spain by the French, some of the valuable crown flocks were sold to raise money. The American Consul, at Lisbon, Mr. Jarvis, purchased fourteen hundred head, and sent them to this country. A portion of the pure, unmixed merino blood of these flocks is to be found in Vermont at this time. Such was the origin of the immense flocks of fine-wooled sheep in the United States. Commission Merchants.

AT WHOLESALE. FEED AND GRAIN.

LARGE SUPPLIES OF HAY, CORN, OATS, RYE AND SHIPSTUFFS always on hand and for sale by CROPPER, P 1-TFON & CO., Nos. 143 and 145 East Fourt, st. PRODUCE.

LIQUORS.

FINE WINES, LIQUORS, BOURBON & RYE WHISKY ALES, VINEGAR, &c., on hand and for sale by CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Nos. 143 and 145 East Fourth st.

encouraging. The Cape Cod Republican of OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS SOLICITED. LIBERAL cash advances made on consegnments.

Orders promptly filled by CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Nos. 148 and 145 East Fourth st. The plants continue to blossom freely, and no insect has yet appeared in that town, though some have in Brewster and East Den nis, for which a strong tobacco tea is used, with a syringe. nis, for which a strong tobacco tea is used, with a syringe.

A great number of men have been employed through the past winter and spring in draining and clearing swamps and preparing ground for setting vines, and not less than 200 females have been employed constantly in the town for the last two months in setting and weeding vines, for which they receive eight cents an hour. C. G' SMITE

A. F. CLARK & CO.,

Grocers, Produce & Commission Merchants, AND DRALERS IN

farket street, between Brook and Floyd three door above Guy & Clark's Mill, The highest cash price paid for all kinds of country ia3 LOUISVILLE, KY.

CHAS. M. STRADER & CO., PLUMBERS.

Gas and Steam Fitters.

WATER PIPES, HYDRANTS, HOSE, BATH Tubs, Shower Baths, Water Closets, Wash Stands, Force and Lift Pumps for Wells and Cisterns, Sheet Lead, Lead and Iron Pipe;

IN RETIRING FROM THE PROVISION AND COM-Missio business, we of certuily recommend Messra, deferran & Menefee as worthy of the confidence and patronase of our fiends. Our office will be at the store of McFerran & Menefee, as heretofore, under the same style of GUTHRIE & CO. 197 43w Also, a fine assorti Gas Fixtures, Brass Work & Steam Valves.

TRANSPORTATION.

PENNSYLVANIA 00

IN ORDER TO KEEP PACE WITH THE DEMANDS of the traveling public, the managers of 'bis popular route have added many improvements during the year 1862, and, with its co-nection', it will be found in all re-spects a FIRST CLASS ROUTE to all the Eastern cities, The track is stone ballasted and entirely free from dust.

THREE DAILY TRAINS FROM

Pittsburg to Philadelphia, (with close connections from Western Cities). ALL CONNECTING DIRECT TO NEW YORK. THROUGH PHILADELPHIA,

CLOSE CONNECTIONS AT HARRISBURG

Baltimore & Washington. FROM PITTSBURG TO NEW YORK ONE TRAIN RUNS DAILY (430 MILES)
VIA ALLENTOWN, WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS, Arriving in advance of all other Rontes.

SEVEN DAILY TRAINS FROM PHILADELPHIA TO NEW YORK. TICKETS FOR SALE TO BOSTON BY BOAT OR RAIL

Boat Tickets good on any of the Sound Lines.

FARE TO ALL POINTS AS LOW AS ANY ROUTE SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS TO Philadelphia, New York & Baltimore. BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH AND TRANSFERRED FREE.

FREIGHTS. By this route freights of all descriptions can be forwarded to and from Philadelphia, New York, Boston or Bal imore, to and from any point on the Railroads of Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, Ill nois, Wisconsin, Iowa, or Missouri by Railroad direct.

Th. Pennsylvavia Central Railroad also connects at Pittsburg with steamers, by which goods can be forwarded to any port on the Ohio, Musk ngum, Kentecky, Tennessee, Cumberlan , Illinois, Mississippi, Wisconsin, Missou i, Kansas, Ark nsas and Rea Rivers; and at Cleveland, Sandusky and Chicago with steamers to all ports on the Northwestern Lakes.

Merchastas and slippers entrusting the transportation of their reight to this Company can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.

its speedy transit.

THE RATES OF FRE GOT to and from any poin in the West by the Pennsylvania Central Railroad are all times as favorable as are charges by the other ailroad Companies. auroda Companies. 127 he particular to mark packages "Via Pennsylva ia Central R. R." For Freight Contracts or Shipping Directions apply or address either of the following Agents of the

or address either of the following Agents of the papty:
D. A. STEWART, Freight Agent, Pittsburg.
D. A. STEWART, Freight Agent, Pittsburg.
H. W. BROWN & CO., Cincinnati, Oh o.
R. C. MELDRUM & CO., Madison, Ind.
W. M. AL&M. N. & CO., Evanryille, Ind.
J. E. MOORF, Louisyille Ky.
R. F. SASS, St. Louis, Mo.
CLARRE & CO., Chicago, Ill.
J. H. MCUGLM, Portsmouth, O.
MCNELY & MONTGUMERY, Maysville, Ky.
W. H. & E. L. LANGLEY, Gallipolis, O.
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N. H. HUDSON, Ricley, O.
R. C. MELDRUM, General Traveling Agent for the South and West.

LIVE STOCK. Drovers and Farmers will find this the mos advananceous route for Live Stock. Capacious Yards, well ratered and supplied with every convenience, have een opened on this line and its connections, and every tention is paid to their wants, From Harrisburg, there will be found every convenience for feeding and esting. A cnoice is offered of the PHILADELPHIA. EW YORK, and BALTHORE MARKETS. This will iso be f. un. 1 the shortest, q-ickest, and most direct ure for Stock to New York—(v.a Allentown)—and with wer changes than any other.

ENOCH LEWIS, Gen! Sungistandant

ENOCH LEWIS, Gen'l Superintendent, Altoona, Pa. L. L. HOUPF, Gen'l Ticket Agent, Philade phia. H. H. HOUSTON, Gen'l Freight Agent, Philadelphia, ja21 dly JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD.

THREE BLANK TRAINS EAVE JEFFERSONVILLE, OPPOSITE LOUIS-7:15 A. M. Daily, (except Sundays), making direct connections as follows:

AT SEYMOUR:

Vincennes, Evansville, Cairo. St. Louis. St. Joseph, and all other points West and Southwest. AT INDIANAPOLIS:

For Chicago, Detroit, ac.

237 This Train a rives in Chicago at 7:30 p. m., being
n time to connect with all Night Trains going North.
Nor hwest or West from that city, and is 11 HOURS
n advance of any other raute. 2:45 P. M. Daily, (except Sundays), making direct connections as follows

AT INDIANAPOLIS: For Cleveland, Pittsburg, Polladelphia, New York, Boston, Bultimors, Washington City, and all points sand Northeast
For Chicago, Detroit, and all points in the North and Northwest,
For Cairo, St. Lou's, Hannibal, Quincy, St. Joseph, &c. 9:35 P. M. Dally, (except Saturdays), making direct connections as follows: Gen'l Subscription Agent for 5-20 Loan,

AT SEYMOUR: For Cincinnati and all Eastern and Northeastern cities For Toledo, Detroit, &c. AT INDIANAPOLIS:

This route is 60 MILES SHORTER, and pasengers save 14 HOURS in time over any and all ther routes to CHICAGO and the Northwest. THIS IS THE ONLY DIRECT ALL RAIL ROUTE TO EASTERN CITIES. Passengers should Examine THEIR TICKETS CAREFULLY to see that they read "JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD." 127 An information can be obtained, or Tickets purchased, at the office of the Company, Southeas, corner of the and Third streets, Louisville, Ky., or at the Radroad Depot, Jeffersonville. FARE ALWAYS AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER ROUTE. 22

LEXINGTON & FRANKFORT

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 6, 1863, Trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows: EXPRESS TRAIN will leave Louisville at 5:50 a.m., stopping at all stations when flagg de except F ir Grounds, Race Course, Brownsboro, and Belleview, connecting at Emmence with stages f r Newcastle; at Fra kfort for Lawrenceburg, Harrodsburg, and Danville; at Midway for Versadles; at Payne's for Georgetown; and at Lexington via ruil and stage for Ni-housville, Danville Crab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mount Sterling, and all interior towns.

EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Lexington at 2:00 P. M., and arrives at Louisville at 7:10 P. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Louisville daily (Sundays excepted) at 5:30 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Lexing on daily (Sundays excepted) at 6:00 A. M.

Freight received and discharged from 7:30 A. M., to 5:00 P. M.

27 Through Tickets for Danville, Harrodsburg, Crab
Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mount Sterling, Winchester, Nicholasville, Georgetown, Shelbyville, and
other towns in the interior, for sale, and all further inmail in can be bad at th: Depot in Louisville, corner of
Jefferson and Brook streets.

SAMUEL GILL, Sup't.

AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, For St. Louis, Chicago & Detroit.

1863. Summer Arrangement. 1863.

1863. Summer Arrangement. 1863.

ON AND AFTER TUESDAY, APRIL 21st, 1863. passenger Trains will leave New Albany, opposite Lonieville, as follows:

8:35 A. M. CHICAGO EXPRESS—(Daily except Sundays), making close connection at Mitchell with the O. & M. Railroad for St. Louis, Cairo, and the West, reaching St. Louis at 10:40 P. M.; connecting also at Green Castle Junction with the T. & E. Railroad, East and West, at Lafayette with the T. & W. Railroad, East and Wost, and at Michigan City for Chicago and Detroit.

8:30 P. M. ST. LOUIS NIGHT EXPRESS—(Daily), reaching St. Louis at 10:00 A. M., and Cinctunati at 6:00 A. M. This Train also makes close connections for Chicago and the Northwest.

BETURNING—Leaves St. Louis at 7:00 A. M. and 4:45 P. M., making immediate connection at Mitchell with South-bound Train, arriving at New Albany P. M., making immediate connection at Mitchel with South-bound Train, arriving at New Albany at 8:30 P. M. and 6:30 A. M.

ONLY ONE CHANGE OF CARS TO ST. LOUSI-CINCINNATI OR CHICAGO! BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH.

Copartnership Notice.

DRY GOODS.

304 FOURTH STREET

REDUCTION IN

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m DRESS}$  GOODS

FIGURED ORGANDIES AND JACONETS; PRINTED LINEN LAWNS; MOZAMBIQUES in great variety BLACK AND WHITE CHECKED POPLINS; NEAT CHECKED SILKS in all colors; CHECKED AND EMB'D ENGLISH BAREGES; FRENCH LACE POINTS: FRENCH LACE MANTLES will be sold at greatly reduced prices;

e are receiving-PINK AND BUFF JACONETS: BLUE AND PINK PERCALS; EUN UMBRELLAS; PLAIN AND CHECKED NAINSOOKS; PARIS SWISSES; MULL MUSLINS; SOFT FINISHED JACONETS; IRISH LINENS AND KENTINGS: BAJOU'S B. ACK AND COLORED KIDS; QUAKER HOOP-SKIRTS; LACE MITTS; BALLARDVALE AND GAUZE FLANNELS; GAUZE AND DOMET FLANNELS; 3-4 AND 6-4 BLACK DELAINES; LUPEN'S BLACK BOMBAZINES; BLEACHED AND BROWN DOMESTICS; MARSEILLES AND ALLENDALE QUILTS; HONEY-COMB QUILTS.

MARTIN & CRUMBAUGH, jyl8 tf 301 Fourth st , bet. Market and Jefferson MASONIC BUILDINGS. Corner Fourth and Jefferson.

The Safest and Cheapest Insurance. B. D. HENNYDDY'S

INSURANCE OFFICE,
433 Msin street, between Foorth and Fifth, Dulaney's
434 Msin street, between Foorth and Fifth, Dulaney's
Rullding, over D. O'Hare's Trunk Store.

A STHE AUTHORIZED AGENT OF THE FOLLOWanne Companies, insurances will be wade on Lives and
every descript on of property at fair rates.

A the division of an insurance risk among several
Companies is recarded as safer and race prudent than
a large amount in any one Compar's, I would respect
fully solicit a portion of the busir sof my friends and
the public. Losses promptly an' satisfactorily settled.
Proofs of losses and adjustments made at this office

Mutual Life Insurance Company,
NEW YORK CITY.
Cash Fund belonging to the members insured \$9,-ALL the profits are divided on the mutual system every All the profits are divided on the mutual system every five years among the memoers insured.

The business of this Company is conducted exclusively on the Cash plan. No notes whatever are received for premium, or paid back on claims for losses. The accumulations or dividends may be applied to five ease the amount insured under the policy, or in an annual deduction from the premium. In the first instance, many cases are on record where the amounts originally insured have been more than doubted by the accumulations or dividends, and in the second, the annual reduction granted by the Company is larger than the policy has been entirely paid up for the original amount, and the policy helder, instead of paying any premium to the Company, is actually in receive of six annual reductions of the company of the comp

Continental Insurance Company, e policy holders. idends returned to policy holders, on Fire risks, as

North American Fire Insurance Co., 

Washin gton Insurance Company,

the policy holders on Fire risks, Scrip dividend 1861. D h do 1862. Scrip issued bears 6 per cent, per ann Fulton Fire Insurance Company, Cash Capital and Surplus \$250,000.

Lafayette Fire Insurance Company NEW YORK CITY. Cash Capital and Surplus \$175,000.

W. W. BROWN'S Mothers' Friend or Female Regulator. THIS IS CONSIDERED ONE OF THE BEST TONIC Cordials or Female Regulators now in use. It is used in all cases when the internal or are agreed. ed in all cases whe e the internal or ans are deranged in Leucorrhea or Whites, Amenorrhea or Obstructeenses, and painful Menst untion. It acts as a specific rweakness of the Breast and Back, elsesses of the dreys, and Nervousness of the System. This coroli, warranged to give relief in all derangements of the male Organs. It is considered a fine purifier of the mod. The above can be had at all the Drug Store I orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to, Uversfrect's genuine Linament. None genuine will the signature of W. W. Frown on the top of eac x. It is a specific or Rheumatism. overstreet's genuine Linament. None genuine with the signa'ure of W. W. Frown on the top of each x. It is a specific or Rheumatism, strown's Balsam of Indian Turnip, one of the best nedies out for Whoop ng C.ugh, Coughs, Colds, Asth-aod Pulmonary Affections, rown's Electric Pain Kilier, for all kinds of Pains, smal or external. W. W. BROWN, E. M. D. RAYMOND & TYLER, Agents, Fourth street, near Main.

THE OFFICE. NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

East side Third street, between Main and Market, three

GEORGE HERMANN. ATE OF THE "RENDEZVOUS." THIRD STREET.
Announces to his friends and the public generally,
that he has opened a new and splendid SALOON at the
above place, where he keeps none but the flue t and
purest Liquors, Wines and Cigars. Also, the best Cincinnati and Lager Beer.
A good LUNCH will be served every day at 10 o'c'ock

.M Thankful for past favors and patronage, he hop s the ame will be transferred to his new house, "The Office." YOUNG GROUSE

Soft-shell Crabs, FIRST OF THE SEASON,

AT

WALKER'S EXCHANGE, THIRD ST., BET. MAIN AND MARKET. YOUNG PRAIRIE GROUSE

ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT, Fifth street, between Main and Market. Fifth street, between Main and Market.

OUR RESTAURANT IS CONSTANTLY
supplied with all luxuries in season,
which can possibly be proc. red. such as
YOUNG GROUSE, FRESH CLAMS and
OYSTERS, WOODCOCKS, &c., and which -e are prepared to serve up in our Res aurant, or in private residences in a style that cannot be surpassed.

C. C. RUFER & CO., Proprieto s.

N. B. We have constantly on hand a fine assortment of the finest of WINES, LIQUORS, CORDIALS, ALES and PORTER, which we are selling at the lowest maket prices. A large stock of fresh Cove Oysters especially put up for us always on hand.

C. C. R. & CO. STEINWAY'S PIANOS.

MAGNIFICENT PIANOS OF THE ABOVE MAKE D. P. FAULDS, Sole Agent, 223 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

Dividend. OFFICE OF THE JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD CO., JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., July 23. A SEMI ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.,
And free from Government tax, was this day declared from the profits of the Board for the h If year
end nx June 30th last, by the Directors of this Company payable at their office in Jeffersonville on and
after the first day of August next.
J. H. McCAMPBELL,
jy24 d10 Secretary and Treasurer.

JOHN H. GRIFFITH,

MEDICAL.

DR. JOHN BULL'S COMPOUND

CEDRON BITTERS. The Latest and Most Important Dis-covery of the 19th Century.

No MAN 8 NAME IS MORE INTIMATELY CON rected with the history of the Materia Me ! c. of the United States, or more favorably known as a pioneer in med cal discovery, than that of Dr. JOHN BULL. of Louisville. by. His inivitable preparation of Surapparilla, has long stood at the head of the various compounds of that valuable dr. g. His Compound Sorthan to the Will Cherry of the Compound Sorthan South; and his Worm Lozer ges, in or WILD CHERRY, has become a household word hroun hour the West and South; and his Worm Lozer ges, in es than a year after their introduction attained are reputation as wide-spread as the continent of North America. But the crowbing glory or his life remains to be attained in his latest discovery, or rather combination for he does not claim to have been the obscovered of CEDRON, which is the basis of the bitter's now oftered to the punic. Toat honor belongs to te native innabitants of Central America, to whom its victues have been known for more than two hundred years. Armed with it the Indian bids defiance to the most deadly malar and handles with ut fear, the zost venous us see pen a It is a belief with them that while the e is breath left in the body the Cedron is potent to cure, no matter what the disease may be.

While Dr. Bull is not prepared to indore this extravhe body the Cedron is potent to cure, no matter what he disease may be. While Dr. Bull is not prepared to indorse this extravigant petensis in, he is nevertheless satisfied form a horough examination of the evidence relating to its ritues, that as a remedy and preventive for all ciseases arising from exposure, either to charges of weather to the continuation of the mass and influences, it is not without a rival, and justly deserves the reputation it is so long enjoyed in Central America and the Westmidies. In

DYSPEPSIA. And its attendent train of symptoms, it acts more like a charm than a madi ine. There is nothing in the whole range of the Materia Medica, that can for a moment bear a comparison with it in this disease.

Afull account of this wonderful plant may be fund in the lith edition of the U.S. Dispensatory, pages 1357 and he lithedition of the U.S. Dispensatory, pages 1387 and 1383.

A series of experiments in which Dr. Bull has been for years engaged has just been brought to a successful termination, and he is now enabled to offer to the public a combination of Cedron with other approved tonics, the whole preserved in the best quality of copper-distilled Bourbon whisky, which he is confident has no equal in the would.

He might turnish a volume of certificates, but the public have long since learned to estimate such things at their true value. The safest plan is, for every one to test for himself the virtues of a new medicine. Give the

Cedron Bitters, for which the Cedron Bitters are a specific. BOWELS, In all diseases of the STOMACH, BOWELS, BOWELS, IN AND NEURAL BOWELS, INC. AND NEURAL GIALD, AND NEURAL GIALD As in FEVER AND AGUE;
And in FEVER AND AGUE;
It is destined to supersede all other remedies. It not only cures these di cases, but it prayers them.
A wine class full of the Bitters taken an hour before each meal, will obviate the lill effect of the most unhealthy classes, and screen the person taking it against analyse the most trying exposure.

Sold by Druggists and Gro ers generally.

13 Dr. JOHN BULL'S Principal Office, Fifth street at 22 dtf Galen's Head Dispensary AND VENEREAL INFIRMARY, Chartered by the Legislature of Ky.

For the Cure of all Private Diseases JUST PUBLISHED-PRICE ONLY TEN CENTS A MEDICAL REPORT, ontaining Sixty large Pages, and Thirty Fine Plate and Engravings of the Anatomy and Physiology o the Sexual Organs in a state of Health and Disease,

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tage; Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Varieocile, and Hydrocole

Diseases of the Ridneys, Bladder

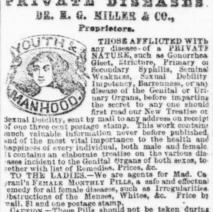
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that wide-spread malady or
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Distremanding a brie PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—By sending a briestatement of their symptoms, will receive a Blank Obart containing a list of questions, our terms for the ourse of treatment, &c. Medicine; sent to any pariod the country to cure any case at home, free from Ismage or curiesity. The Consulting Surgeon, who is a regular graduated one of the first institutions of the country, and of argo experience in the treatment of Veneral Diseases will give his personal attention to office patients during any hour of the day or evening. Consultations and examinations strictly private and free ef charge. OF FICE—No. 31 Fifth street, between Market and fefferson, west side.

To insore safety to all latters, direct to GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSAEY, jet dis Drawer 247, Louisville, Ky.

DR. GATES' PRIVATE MEDICAL DISPENSARY Conducted on the European Plan, FOR THE OURE OF ALL PRIVATE DISEASES



emedy for all forms of unaccess, Whites, &c. Price by bistructions of the Menses, Whites, &c. Price by bail, \$\overline{S}\$ and one postage stamp.

CAUTION.—These Pills should not be taken during regnancy, as they are sure to produce miscarriage.

Also, for M. La Croix France Praventive Powbans. By their use married ladies may limit the number of their offspring at pleasure without the leasi larger of injury to health. They act by preventing onception taking place. One box will last for years Price by mail, \$2\$ and two postage stamps.

Females will obtain much valuable information by eading our New Medical Treatise.

Persons wishing to consult us personally on any of he above diseases will find us at our office, north-east orner Third and Market streets; private entrance of third street, from \$2\$ a. M. to 1 P. M., and from \$2\$ to: \$10.7\$ to 9 P. M.; Sundays from \$3\$ to 11 a. M. No charge or consultation or examinations. Consultation comsentively private. Scorcey in all cases inviolable Address all letters to.

Mus M. G. MILLEP, & Co.

or consumer of the private. Boorec, and one out in the private of Address all letters to DBS. H. G. MILLER & Co., Louisville, Ky. DR. HALL'S LOUISVILLE

MEDICAL INFIRMARY, Conducted on the plan of the Hospital des Veneriene, Paris,

WHERE THOSE AFFLICTED WITE any form of PRIVATE DISEASE can receive prompt treatment with out risk or exposure, viz: Siphilis Geonrithea, Gleet, Strictures, Ucers, Tumors, Cancers, Secondary and

anent cures are constantly being effected as ane marry. YOUNG MEN, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE—devotes much of his time to the treatment of the ses caused by a secret habit which runs both by a manner of the ses caused by a secret habit which runs both by a series of the ses of t

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE BEST and most approved Cooking and Heating STOVES. The leading Wood Stoves are the Tr. of Kentuckian, Charmer, Pell can, and P-limetto. The Coal Stoves are the Alligator, Chi Rain and star light, I also keep an assortment of Brass Ket les, Enameled and Procelain Ware, Smoothing Frons, Tin Plates, pressed Can Toos and Bottoms, Cofee Mills and all other articles usually found in such establishmants. Also, manufacturer of Pruit Cans, Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware, all of which I will sell at the lowest cash prices eller as wholesale or retail. TIN ROOFING AND GUTTERING done at the short

PRODUCE AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 312 Main street, between Third and Fourth. LOUISVILLE, KY.

DESCRIPTION OF CUT.

SIMPLICITY AND ECONOMY COMBINED

TISDEL & NASH'S Patent Attachment FOR BURNING

A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O IN MILLIO MARPS. PATENTED MARCH 24, 1863,

THES IS AN ARTICLE W plicity and economy, has the kind ever invented," by t which to any cromer flu'd lamp, you can burn Kerosenec and it was outsined or smell, while more light is obtained from a given q-tautity if Oil than with any other burner. With one of these burners applied to any fluid lamp it may be moved instally about, or even carried out of doors, without the light being extinguished

WHAT THEY SAY OF IT.

A VALUABLE INVENTION.—One of the best, and at the same time, most simple contrivances for burning Kerosene Oil in a common fluid lamp. It is so simple that any child can apply it, an if it will burn Kerosene Oil in any fluid lamp wi hout even changing the wicking. It is one of the neatest things that has come under our notice, and is destined to become very popular with all who use it. It burns the Oil perfectly, wi him on smoke, and will save many times is cost in a few months, and for portable or nigh lamps it appears to be the ne plus wifer.—[Syncuse Courier and Union.

[From the Scientific American.]

It accomplishes the diverse perfectly and dispenses with the appear.

[From the Scientific American.]

It accomplishes the object very perfectly, and dispenses with the analyst and expelse of the inconvenent chinney. A free and steady light, without smoke, is obtained, when a good quality of oil is used. The invention co. sists in apply me the metalic burner, to the tube of the Lamp; the borner is simply supped over this, and can be easily adjusted to any fluid property of the control of the

"It is a very simple contrivance, and entirely effectual, and has a rapid and extensive sate,"—(Express, Other journals spe k in like terms, and the most flattering testimonials are being constantly received rom agents and others as to their efficiency and economy; in fact they have earned for themselves a wide-spread reputation The art cle never fails to commend itself to all who see it in operation,

PRICE.

Per dozen, in quantities le s than 1 gross... Per gross, do do 10 do ...

Liberal Discounts made to Agents and Dealers. Orders f r any amount promptly executed. TERMS-Cash on delivery. A sample burner will be sent free per mail on receipt of 25 cents. Sole Proprie or and Manufacturer, Watertown, N. Y.

C. W. CHATFIELD. Sole Agent for Kentucky,

A represents the burner, full size, placed in position on the tube B, and C the wick. 781 Main st., south side, between Seventh and Eight SAND'S CHICAGO CREAM



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PHILO M. CLARK, Agent. Constantly on Hand,

ALE IN BBLS, HALF BBLS, KEGS AND BOTTLES. (ESTABLISHED IN 1817.) THOS E. WILSON

WILSON & FETER. [SUCCESSORS TO WILSON & STARBIED.]

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WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW-GLASS, GLASSWARE, TOBACCO, SNUFF ED BEL ER ET EU PE ECER TO 6 SECO 6 SECO No. 418 Main St., Louisville, Ky AGENTS FOR THE LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS.

W. H. STOKES, (SUCCESSOR TO B. & W. M. STOKES.) IMPORTER OF AND DEALERIN COACH AND SADDLERY HARDWARE

(OLD-ESTABLISHED SADDLERY WAREHOUSE.) Mo. 435 Main street, between Fifth and Sixth,

LOUISVILLE, KY. M ERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS WOULD FIND IT TO THEIR INTEREST TO EXAMINE stock before making their purchases. Orders from a distance will be attended to as if made in person.

To which was awarded The Grand Medal of Honor At the United States Fair, 1860. THIS SEPARATOR WAS FIRST INVENTED AND

brought i to use in 1858. It is an improvement of what was formerly known as "Pitts' Patent Separator. We have now over five hundred of them in use, an wherever introduced they take t e lead of all others They have t ken the premium at nearly all the Fair whe. e exhibited.

J. D. BONDURANT, Sole Acent,
Louisville, Ky. I have room to give but a few testimonials of the mar flattering letters received by me, from the g eat numb that have purchased. Send for a circular.

that have purchased. Send for a circular.

BRANDENDER, 1862.

Mr. J. D. BCNDURANT: The Eight-horse Steam Thresher and Cleaner bought of you, is given up by all to be the best in this county. I have threshed 800 bushels per day, and am well pleased with my machine.

HENRY COUNTY, Ky., June 27, 1863.

Mr. J. D. BONDURANT, LOUISVIII- Ky.: The Garr's Improved Thresher and Separator bought of you last year performs well and gives satisfa tion generally. Although it was late when we got our Machine, we threshed over (16,000) sixteen thousand bushe is without a break, accledent or hindrance in any way. We threshed from 600 to 00 bushels per day, and have threshed 2 bushels per introduced they will supers' de all others.

Grain dealers do not object to the manner in which his Machine cleans the wheat. Grain dealers do not object to the manner in which this Machine cleans the wheat. This they do with many other Machines.

GENOVLEY & WARE, HARVESTERS. KENTUCKY HARVESTER,

KENTUCKY CLIPPER, LOUISVILLE MOWER. LOUISVILLE REAPER REAPER AND MOWER HAY RAKES, PLOWS, MOWING BLADES, GRAIN CRADLES, &C.

In fact, a large stock of everything wanted by a Farmer in the way of Agricultural or Horticultural Implements, Seeds, Lime, Cement and Plaster. J. D. BONDURANT,

400,000 Domestic Cigars, assorted brands; 300 gross Assorted Smoking Tobacco; 50 gross Brier Pipes; 25 gross Rubber Pipes; 10 gross Rosewood Pipes;

20 bbis fine-cut C ewing Tobacco; 25 gross Snn y Side do 25 gross Sweet Owen do 25 gross Rose Bud do 10 gross Anderson's Solace do; 5,000 lbs Killikinnick Smoking do; 500 lbs Turkish do 15 gross Demi Virginia do do;

> S. B. McGILL, 307 Green st., bet Third and Fourth.

Sorgum Sugar Mill. Farmers and Merchants,

CALL AT OUR FOUNDRY, SOUTH SIDE OF MAIN street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth, and see this Mill, which we do not hesitate to say will give better satisfaction and has more points of excellence than a lotter Mills combined. PRICE......\$75. LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO DEALERS.

Th's mil is heavier than other mills of the same size, and the extra weight is placed at points so as to prevent the possibility of breakage, and all the brass; journal-boxes can be taken out, cleaned, repaired, olded, &c., and repl. ced with ut the least trouble of taking the mill to pieces (as is the case with all other mills which have not t is inprovement). The simplicity and nea ness, combined with strength, speaks for itself. And all who have used this mill do not hesitate in saying it is the best mill in use.

ELECTRO CHEMICAL BATHS Vapor Baths.

between SECUND and THIRD, in the rear of Mr. Caspari's office.

t is now generally acknowledged that the Electro Chemical Bath is the most sovereign reased, for Rhymatism, Neuraldia, Parriysis, air and disorders from the abuse of Mercury, and a variety of other diseases.

The subscriber has made arrangements with Dr. & CASPARI, who elongexperience has a deb m well acquainted with these biths, to examine patients, and prescribe their treatmy t. Invalids who desire to try these biths are seque fed to a lat Dr. Caspari's office, who will ascertain which cases are suitable for these betts, and will otherwise give all de-fred information, jet?

MANUFACTURER OF

A R R I A G E S ALCOHOL AND COLOGNE SPIRITS.—
AND LIGHT SPRING WAGONS,
Twelfth street, between Main and Market streets.

1625 dawsm LOUISVILLE, EY.

A LOOHOL AND COLOGNE SPIRITS.—
76 per cent. Alcohol:
98 per cent. Alcohol:
98 per cent. Alcohol:
198 pe

D. MINETT,

CRANBERRY CULTURE ON CAPE COD .- The

news from the cranberry-growers is generally

COPARTNERSHIP.

HAVING THIS DAY FORMED A COPARTNERchased of Guthrie & Co. their stock of Goods. Smokelouse, &c., we will continue the Wholesal Provision
and Commission business, at their old s and, on Main
street, between First and Second.

Louisville, July 1, 1863.

NOTICE.

July 9 says:

A LIEELY NEGRO GIRL, 21 YEAPS OLD, A good Cook, Washer, Ironer and House Servant. Those wishing to purchase will address J. G., Democrat office. For Sale or Exchange for Farming Land.

FOR SALE AND RENT. A House and Grounds for Sale,

ONE MILE FROM THE CITY, ON THE Brownsbor - pike, a be utiful country home, a cres of hind, modern cottage, with kirch and is less than the buildings cost. Apply to WM. G. GRAY, and d3° Corner Third and Jefferson streets,

Ing Land.

My RESIDENCE ON THE NEWBURG ROAD.

About three miles from the city, containing ten acres with comfortable baildings of all kinds, a quantity of beautiful shrubbery, a variey of choice fruits, good soring and spring-house, fish pood with lasting spring to supply it; on he most pleasant road from the city, neighborhood the very best, it is one of the most convenient and beaatifully arranged places in the country. Apply to me on the premises.

CH. J. MENG.

WANTED.

Wanted to Hire. A GOOD DINING-ROOM SERVANT, WHO HAS had some experience in taking care of horses. Sat isfactory r.ference required.

M. L. BELKNAP.

MMEDIATELY—\$800 TO \$1,000, FOR WHICH A FAIR per gent, and good security will be given. Address au2 a2\* WANTED. A PARTNER IN A FIRST CLASS PRESCRIPTION and Drugs ore. Address APOTHECARY, Drawe 48, Louisville Postoffice.

Wanted,

WANTED. A YOUNG MAN OF GOOD BUSINESS CAPACITY, desires a situation: traveling preferred. Can loan from \$2.00 to \$4.00. Address J. J. P., box XXXI. Louisville Postofilee. Cook Wanted.

HIGH WAGES WILL BE PAID FOR A GOOD cook, either white or black.

Mrs. M. L. RIDDLE, aul d6 Corner Eighth and Kentucky streets. Wanted. A SEAMSTRESS WANTS A SITUATION IN A RE-spectable family. Has no objections to going to the country. Good references given, Apply to Rep. aul 63\* OSBORN & MCATEER, aul 63\* USBORN & MCATEER,

WANTED. A FIRST RATE COLORED WOMAN WITHOUT all o, a first rate washer and ironjr31 dtf Second st, bet, Green and Walnut. WANTED.

WANTED.

ENERGETIC AGENTS TO CANVASS FOR THE HISTORY OF THE GREAT REBELLION, by Hog. J. T. Headley, the most reliable, attractive and power ful Historical Writer of the age. First volume now ready, agents are meeting with unparalleled success. Over 100,090 copies already sold. Circulars giving al necessary information in regard to the work. Terms to Agents, &c., mailed free. Call on or address.

2. M. DUNN & CO., Publishers, 42 Fourth street, corner Walnut, Cincinnati, O. WANTED.

A GENTS TO SELL OUR GREAT UNEQUALLED PRIZE AND STATIONERY PACKAGES, contain ing 190 useful articles, and accompanied by a magnificent box of Jewelry, from which each purchaser can select a prize to suit themselves. The articles contained in a package could not be purchased elsewhere for \$1, yet the price is but \$2\$ cents. Agents eas \$1\$ clear \$15\$ rates at this great money-making business. Circulars sent free.

[VM. DUNN & CO., 197 day Cincinnati, O., and Chicago, Ill.] STRAYED & STOLEN.

STRAYED FROM THE SUBSTRIBER, ON THE 20TH
LIVE A gray HORSE, bout 15% hands,
Live A gray HORSE, bout 15% hands,
A liberal reward will be liven for his delivery Broadway,
and d3" Mass. ELIZABETH TIMMONS. LOST AND FOUND.

This is TO NOTIFY ALL CONCERNED, THAT having lost the fo owing Certificates of Stock in the Louisville and Frankfort Railread Company, viz:
No. 1595, for one fourth of a Share, issued in the name of J. W. Tooley, April 16, 1859;
No. 2845, for one fourth of a Share, issued in the name of J. W. Tooley and wife, March 19, 1851. I shall, in accordance with the provisions of the By Laws of said Company, make application for duplicate certificates of lame.

Certificates of Stock Lost.

F. A. KAYE, A ent, For J. W. Tooley and Wife, Office of JAY COOKE,

No. 114 South Third Street, Philadelphia NATIONAL BANKING ASSOCIATIONS

COMMUNITIES AND CAPITALISTS NOW CONTEM COMMUNITIES AND CAPITALISTS NOW CONTEM plating the format oa of N-tional Banking A-sociations, under Secrets-ry Chase's Bill, passed at the lass session of Congress, are reminded that the 5-20 LOAN now for a limited period to be obtained at PAR, may after the first of August be withd awn from the carket. The improved condition of military effacts and the constant succession of victories, together with the completion of the preparations for the issue of the Four Hundred Millions of Logal Tender in crest be viring notes, or Treasury notes, renders the issuing of further long or permanent Loans, at present, exceedingly doubtful. The Leans of the Government, maturing in 1881, as

PRODUCE BROKERS

Nos. 113 and 145 East Fourth street.

FLOUR, GREEN AND DRIED FRUITS, POTATOES BUTTER, &c., &c., on hand and for sale by CROPPER. PATTON & CO, Nes. 18 and 145 East Fourth st.

CONSIGNMENTS

Mour, Plast Paris, Cement, Utica White Lime Wooden Ware, Cordage and Clover Seed,

No. 309 Green street, bet. Third and Fourth.

325 Miles Double Track.

CENTRAL RAILROAD. 5

SUMMER DRESS GOODS At Greatly Reduced Prices. Mozambiques;
Silk trenadines;
Grenadine Bareges;
Organdie Muslins;
Printed Jaconet Muslins;
Printed Jaconet Muslins;
Frenca Chiotzes, &c.,
Frenca Chiotzes, &c.,
under former prices.

INSURANCE.

AT SEYMOUR. For C'ncinnati, Columbus, Cleveland, New York, B ton, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, &c.

or all Eastern and Northeastern Cities, or Toledo, Detroit, &c. or Chicago and Northwestern and Western cities, or Cairo, St. Louis, &c. Passengers by taking this route avoid a disagable and dusty OMNIBUS RIDE of FIVE MILES.

JAS. FERRIER, General Ticket Agent. LOUISVILLE & FRANKFORT

RAILROADS.

CCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Frankfort at 5:10 a, m, and arrive at Lou.eville at 9:00 a, m,, and will leave tousyille at 4:20 p, m,, striving at Frankfort at £:15 p, m,

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY

Railroad, West.

\*\*For Through Tickets and further information apply at the GENEBAL RAILROAD OFFICE, southwest corner of Main and Third streets, Louisville, Ky.

\*\*Trains are run by Louisville time.

A. B. CULVEB, Supt.

ap 1. S. S. PARKER, Agent.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY ENTERED Into copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the WHOLESALE GROCERY, WINK and LIQUOR WOEBER Store on Sixth street, between Main and Market, opposite James Low & Co.'s.

JACOB SCHRODT,
JOSEPH A. WOEBER.
Louisville, July 8, 1863, jy21 dlm

THE FIRM OF JUL. DORN & CO. HAS THIS DAY
been changed to the firm of DORN. BARKHOUSE
& CO. Thanking our patrons for past favors, we offer
them and the public in general our servic s, assuring
them of prompt and punctual attention to all business
entrusted to us. DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.,
Produce and Commission Merchants,
No. 428 Main street.
Louisville, July 1st. 1863—js1 RIO COFFEE. 200 BAGS GOOD AND CHOICE CUF.

Refer for sale by

A. RAWSON & CO., 214 Main st.,

jy25

A. RAWSON & Co., 214 Main st.,

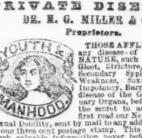
between Se. and and Third

NOTICE.

ound in all large cities.

TO FEMALES.—Special attention given to all discasses of Fennales. Also for saie
DB. DEWELS! REGULATOR FILLS—For Female betructions, Irregularities, &c. Married ladies in crtain situations should not use them, as they would cause Mescarlage. Price \$1 per box, and may be ent by mail.

DR. CALEN'S PREVENTIVE—An invaluable article for those wishing to limit the number of their offspring, or the barren who desire children; warrant duct to injure the health. The Preventive, which will last for a lifetime, will be sent to any address under seal, on the receipt of the price—TWO DOLLARS



NOTICE.

est notice.

Country merchants and dealers are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing else where. The highest price paid for old iron and copper Q. GATHRIGHT.

e23 di 121 Market st., bet. First and Second.

Orders filled and consignments solicited. jal8 SHAKER BROOMS. -50 DOZ JUST RECEIVED BY Opp. Bank of Louisville, old stand of G. W. Bashaw. hys dawtf 32 Main st, bet Third and Fourth.

10 gross Golden Seal do in store and for sale low by THE GREAT WESTERN

est mill in use.
For full pa: ticulars address
PEARSON & AIKIN
PEARSON & AIKIN
Main street, bet, Twelfth and Thirteenth,
Louisville, Ky.

THE SUBSCRIBER RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the public herewith that he keeps in successful op-ration these ouths, at No. 215. JEFFERSON STREET, etween SECOND and THIRD, in the rear of Dr. E. Cas-

POTATOES.—200 BARRELS PRIME POTATOES IN stors and fer sale by VERHOEFF BROTHERS.

General Commission Merchants, No. 140 Fourth stree